The Centre Reporter.

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CENTRE COUNTY IN THE CIVIL WAR.

148th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers.

By T. P. Meyer, Sergeant Co. A., 148th Regiment, P. V.

[To be Continued.]

CHAPTER VIII.

There was not a mess of four men in the Regt. that was the physical equal of Beck, Meyer, Weaver and Gilbert, the mess of tent No. 6 of Co. "A." While we stuck together like brothers against all outsiders, we constantly tussled each other in true war fashion. During the daytime we kept our fire going, even though we carried our wood a mile on our shoulders; a bayonet served as a poker, and for amusement and pastime we would heat the bayonet point, and burn holes into the mantel log; we soon had the mantel full of deep holes, and often filled the tent with smoke. One cold, snowy day, Comrade Benjamin Beck was a Fort Cummings guard. I knew he would come in half frozen, so I made a good fire. I knew his relief to the minute, and I concluded to have some fun at his expense; I knew that if I laid the point of the bayonet poker in the fire, and have it red hot, Comrade Beck would amuse himself burning the holes already in the mantel log. So I loaded one of them with a heavy charge of powder, and placed the point of the bayonet in the fire, and set a block before it, for him to sit on. All was ready and we sat back to await the result. Soon he ran to the tent, and through the two and a half foot high door, on "all fours," dropped on the seat placed for him, rubbed his hands vigorously for a while, looking steadily into the fire; he saw the red hot poker; then with a quick movement he picked it up, and thrust it into the charged hole in the log. A tremendous explosion immediately followed, and Comrade Beck was blown off his block stool, over against the log wall of the tent. Then quick as a lightning flash, Weaver, Gilbert and I jumped up in fright, and picked him up, thinking he was killed, or badly hurt. But we were greatly relieved when we found he was unhurt. After this we were always very cautious how we burned the old holes.

Great excitement prevailed all day of Feb. 8th; some fighting along our south or new front; heavy cannonade along the lines; great masses of troops with artillery and entire paraphernalia of war, moving southward. The entire Army seemed packed up, and hunting trouble; night came in cold and gloomy. Shortly after midnight the 148th also joined in the general uproar; we tore down our tents and packed up, and so remained the balance of the night and all next day, Feb. 9th, awaiting orders, without shelter or fire in weather cold enough to kill dogs; when night came, orders to move had not come, and the boys again put up their tents on the same log huts they were before; matters quieted down and all troops returned to their former camps. Many of these "moves" were, no doubt, made only to keep the army stirring and the boys occupied.

On Sunday, Feb. 12th, the Regt. had Sunday morning inspection; this was quickly ended, and the entire Regt. went out on the new line of works, with picks and shovels, and dug in the trenches all day, and came back to camp late in the night. War knows no Sundays.

For some time the weather was extremely cold, but on the 14th of Feb. it moderated and terrible rain set in, which continued by spells for three days and nights, and we were again in oceans of mud and water. But the 18th came in clear and beautiful; a week of fine weather followed, and active operations were again resumed.

On Feb. 19th, (1865) the "Old Virginia" hills were once more made to tremble with the roar of artillery, bombarding the Confederate works, by way of salute over the fall of Charleston, S. C., with all the fortifications, and two hundred heavy guns.

This glorious news stirred up the boys and unbounded enthusiasm prevailed; prolonged cheering along the lines and throughout the camps of our great army. Our heavy guns thoroughly pounded the Confederate forts and army, "in salute," for "sheer joy," for some time, then quieted down late in the night.

The Army of the Potomac, and, in fact, the whole country, was only waiting for the coming of spring, when the dogs of war might be set loose, as never before; and the Confederates who had enough of war, must come in soon if they wished to escape the great campaign, which would come as early in the spring as the weather allowed. Therefore desertions from the Confederate Army were daily increasing in numbers; they said that they were not willing to meet the great and ever increasing Army of the Potomac, in the awful and relentless campaign planned for the early spring in an absolutely hopeless cause. Some forty Confederates came over and surrendered on the night of Feb. 21st, at our point; many brought their guns, for which they received payment.

Just as night was settling down on forest and field, Feb. 22nd, 1865, the startling order of "pack up"! was heard on all sides, and the entire left wing of the Army seemed to be in great commotion and "packing up." The 148th was soon packed and ready to "sling knapsacks," with our entire camp outfit of clothing, blankets, tents, etc., etc., and waited for orders to move. We stood around in the darkness tussled with each other, sat on our knapsacks, growled some, while many lay on the frozen ground and slept. So we waited all night; morning came, and still no orders to move. Daylight revealed a grand sight of vast trains of artillery, ammunition and ambulance trains, and forests of bristling bayonet stacks, and waiting troops.

WORLD'S FAIR.

Great June Excursion via Pennsylvania Railroad.

June 9, 16, 23, and 30 are the next dates for the great Pennsylvania Railroad coach excursions to the World's Fair at St. Louis. A special train of standard day coaches will be run on the following schedule, and excursion tickets, good going only on special train, will be sold from Altoona for $14.60. Train leaves Altoona at 7 p. m., train leaves Pittsburg, Eastern time, 10.45 p. m., Central time 9.45 p. m., arrive at Indianapolis (Breakfast) 8.30 a. m., at Terre Haute (Luncheon) 11.00 a. m., at St. Louis (Union Station) 4.00 p. m.

Tickets will also be sold from other stations on the Pennsylvania Railroad, east of Pittsburg and south of and including Elmira, Olean, and Mayville, and from stations on the New York and Long Branch Railroad, Cumberland Valley Railroad, and New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk Railroad, good going in coaches on regular trains to point of connection with special train. Rate from Bellefonte, $15.55.

Proportionate rates from other points. Returning, tickets will be good in coaches on regular trains leaving St. Louis (Union Station) on day of validation, within ten days, including date of excursion.

For rates of fare from other stations and leaving time of connecting trains consult nearest Ticket Agent.

Can't Favor Postmasters.

A ruling in the postoffice department forbids postmasters crediting to themselves cancellations of stamps received from a patron of another office. It was customary in times past, for politicians to favor postmasters by sending them large quantities of mail matter, the cancelling of which added to the receipts of the office. Under the new regulation postmasters must report all mail matter received outside their jurisdiction to the department, giving the name of the person or persons who mail the matter, and in no case is the postmaster allowed anything for the cancellations thus made.

May Re-model Church.

The members of the United Evangelical church are figuring over the cost of remodeling their church in Centre Hall. The structure is a two-story frame, and the wish of the congregation apparently is to reduce it to a one story building, add a vestibule and cut the main audience room into two parts to be used for auditorium and Sunday school room. The plan is a good one, and would greatly improve the appearance of the property.

Dr. J. Frank Meyer,

At the commencement exercises of the University of Pennsylvania next week, J. Frank Meyer, of Penn Hall, will receive the degree of Doctor of Philosophy for having completed a post graduate course in physics and mathematics. Mr. Meyer, who holds a position as instructor in the University of Pennsylvania, is a student of the true type and has devoted his whole life time thus far to study and the conferring of this degree comes as a well merited reward.

During the summer Mr. Meyer will teach physics in the summer school of Miami University of Oxford, Ohio.

Mifflinburg's New Industry.

Mifflinburg is to have another new industry, styled The Mifflinburg Brick Company. The Hopp Carriage Co., composed of A. A. Hopp and Hon. James R. Ritter, together with Henry Strunk and Michael Hartman, comprises the firm of this new plant.

Having recently purchased a site along the banks of Buffalo Creek, formerly owned by Wm. R. From, where abundance of good clay is in evidence, they will in the near future start the manufacture of brick.

Centre Reporter, $1.00 a year.

A SIGNIFICANT RELIGIOUS MOVEMENT.

Several of the great religious denominations have held their national meetings during the month of May as well as a number of smaller bodies. All reports indicate that these have been unusual gatherings, and chiefly for one reason—their actions looking toward organic Christian unity.

The sentiment of unity has "been in the air" for years within recent weeks, however, it has been brought down to earth in remarkable fashion. As if by a common impulse every one of the denominations has taken definite action concerning closer relations with some other denomination or denominations. The Methodists, North, ratified the work of a committee which has been co-operating with a committee from the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, in the preparation of a common catechism, hymnal and order of service. The committee was continued and counseled to go further. Meanwhile, action was taken looking to the removal of the one great obstacle to the reunion of these two Churches, namely, the negro question.

The Baptists, by their form of government, cannot act as a denomination in the same way that most other denominations act, but they did the next best thing in indorsing with enthusiasm President Strong's address upon Christian union, and in ordering one hundred thousand copies of it printed for widespread distribution. Congregationalists, who are nearest to the Baptists in polity, do not meet until Fall, but they have been talking union for a year, and negotiating with the Methodist Protestants and United Brethren. It will surprise nobody who has his finger on the pulse of the religious world should Baptists and Congregationalists coalesce.

The formal betrothal of the Presbyterian and the Cumberland Presbyterian Churches is still fresh in the public prints, and this wedding is assured for the near future. Equally noteworthy is the ardent wooing that has suddenly sprung up between the Northern and Southern divisions of Presbyterianism which, it now seems, will ere long result in union. Meanwhile, the United Presbyterians and the Associate Reformed Presbyterian have been drawing closer together, and both are conscious that ere many years elapse they will be at home in the parent organization.

In India all the various branches of Presbyterianism are now merging into one common, self-governing Presbyterian Church. Indeed, the manifestations of Christian unity which are attracting so much attention in Christian countries had their beginning almost a generation ago on the foreign mission field.

Most remarkable of all the striking movements toward ecclesiastical oneness is that reported from Canada, where leading representatives of the Presbyterian, Congregational and Methodist Episcopal Churches are holding conferences looking toward organic union. Comity is already assured; the former scandalous competition on mission fields and in small communities is a thing of the past with all denominations. Now, here, to the amazement of even sanguine advocates of denominational co-operation, are three great denominations representing the three distinct forms of ecclesiastical government and the two great doctrinal divisions, Calvinism and Arminianism, actually planning to subordinate their differences, magnify their agreements and come together as one Christian Church. Surely the millenium is coming.

Possibly this widespread and pronounced spirit of union, and of emphasis upon simple and fundamental Christian truths, rather than upon disagreements in doctrine and government, is the long-predicted "revival" about which the Churches have been talking. Certainly, the movement is world-wide and deep-rooted. Like a tidal wave it is overwhelming the theologians and partisans who interpose objections to it. The apostolic characteristics of brotherhood and fellowship are being markedly exhibited, and the world may expect, if this unifying tendency in the churches continues, such a display of the power of organized Christianity, for the service of mankind, as has not been seen for centuries.

LOCALS.

It takes a woman of nerve to be a dentist.

Miss M. Eloise Schuyler, one of the instructors in Miss Stahr's private school for girls, at Lancaster, will return to her home in this place Friday for the summer vacation.

A. B. Homan, of Altoona, beginning of this week returned to that place after spending a week at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Homan.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank P. Geary are in Williamsport among friends, Mrs. Geary having gone there Saturday and was followed by Mr. Geary Monday morning. They will return the latter part of this week.

J. Irvin Quigley, president of the Lewistown and Reedsville electric railway company, was seriously hurt in an automobile accident near Vira. His injury consists of a concussion of the brain and probable fracture.

In another column will be found the advertisement of A. B. Lee, of Tusseyville. Mr. Lee is handling a full line of road vehicles, farm implements, binder twine, etc., and will be found ready for business at all times. Read the adv.

John B. Wert, of Tusseyville, was a caller Friday of last week. He was accompanied to Centre Hall by Mrs. Maria Wagner, Mrs. M. F. Rossman Mrs. Wert and Mary Rebecca, a little daughter of the latter, who represent four generations. They made a call on Photographer Smith.

The Sunday school of the United Evangelical church, at Tusseyville, is making great preparations for a children's service to be held on the evening of the 26th inst. That school has been noted for having well executed programs on previous similar occasions, but the service this year, it is predicted, will be better than ever.

J. Shannon Boal returned from Philadelphia Saturday afternoon, at which place he had been since the beginning of January. While in the city he was at the Will's Eye and Ear hospital and received the personal attention of Dr. McCluney Radcliffe. Mr. Boal, when he went to the hospital and for a year or more previous, was totally blind. At present his sight has been partially restored, and every day vision is becoming clearer, and it is expected that after the inflammation following the operation for the cataract has been entirely reduced, his sight will be quite sufficient to enable him to distinguish objects without difficulty. Mr. Boal is in good physical condition, and was delighted to return to Centre Hall.

Send the local news to the Reporter

Aaronsburg.

Mrs. Mabel Whetherhold and baby, of Allentown, are visiting her mother, Mrs. Caroline Mayes.

Jared Harper and family, of Bellefonte, and Harry Rote, of Axemann, spent a few days with Mrs. Sue Rote.

Luther Kentz, of Mifflinburg, was the guest of his sister, Mrs. Lenker, a few days last week.

Thomas Weaver has gone to Ebensburg to work at the plastering trade.

Miss Kathryn Bower is visiting friends in Northumberland this week.

Col. and Mrs. J. P. Coburn, of Bellefonte, spent Sunday in their home in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bubb, of Tusseyville, visited their daughter, Mrs. Luther Bower.

Mrs. Maggie Bitner and son, of Spring Mills, spent Sunday with Mrs. Bitner's aged mother.

Miss Hettie Smull, of State College, spent a day last week with her parents; she attended the Haines-Gramley wedding at Rebersburg.

Harvey Rider, of Tioga county, visited his sister, Mrs. Wilson Burd-over Sunday.

Misses Libbie and Edna Smeltz, Maggie Kreider, and Annie Ulrich, of Troxelville, spent a few days at the home of Harvey Crouse.

Mrs. Wilson Burd has gone to State College to spend a few weeks with friends.

Crop Reports.

The weather conditions have been very favorable to spring crops. Oats, barley, corn, potatoes, grass and garden truck are making wonderful growth. The mow fields present a beautiful appearance, and their promise of a bountiful crop is accepted, in part, to make up for the shortage in wheat.

Probably not in the recollection of at least the majority of farmers has seed corn proved as faulty as this spring. Fully fifty per cent. of the acreage was wholly replanted, and some the third time. Not a few farmers who did not go to the trouble to closely examine the stand of corn, will find when cultivation time begins, that their presumption will cost them many bushels of golden ears.

Generally speaking, the wheat fields present a sorry condition. The crop in this section will not be more than one-fourth, with scarcely a field up to the yield of last year. One redeeming feature is that where the wheat is missing, as a rule, there is an abundance of timothy, the growth of which is almost as rank as that in the mow fields.

DEATHS.

MRS. JOHN F. BOOZER.

The death of Mrs. John F. Boozer occurred at her home in Osceola Mills, Wednesday of last week, from the effects of lung trouble from which she had suffered for some time. Interment was made Sunday, Rev. Barnetz, of the Methodist church, officiating.

She is survived by her husband, John F. Boozer, formerly of this place, a son, Harry, aged eight years, and a daughter, Miss Daisy, aged twenty years. One daughter, Miss Millie, died at the age of twenty-two years, and one son died in infancy.

The deceased was born in Centre Hall in 1856, and was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Dale, both now deceased. July 6, 1876, she became the wife of Mr. Boozer. The couple lived in Centre Hall until 1882, when they moved to Philipsburg, and one year later became residents of Osceola Mills.

In her youth Mrs. Boozer became a member of the Methodist church to which faith she clung to the last.

Mrs. Boozer is also survived by two brothers, J. Leonard Dale, of Wehrum, Indiana county, and John I. Dale, of Osceola Mills.

CAPT. ROBERT McNITT.

Captain Robert J. McNitt, seventy-one years old, died suddenly Wednesday of last week, at his home in Milroy, from hemorrhages. He was county commissioner for one term and served throughout the civil war. He was confined in Libby Prison at the time of its abolishment.

D. P. McKINNEY.

D. P. McKinney died at his home in Howard. He was an honest upright man, had always been a good citizen and held offices at different times. He also served three years in the service of his country during the civil war.

Rebersburg.

Miss Bessie Dubbs left this week for Philadelphia where she will spend several weeks visiting her relatives.

Harry Bair and family, of Aaronsburg, were seen in town Saturday.

Mrs. William Haines is at present suffering from inflammatory rheumatism.

Mrs. Samuel Shaffer, of this place, spent Saturday and Sunday in Spring Mills.

Mrs. Carrie Wood and son Charles left for their home in Scottdale.

Mrs. Lizzie Brown, of Salona, is at present working for her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Shaffer, at this place.

Miss Hettie Smull, of Aaronsburg, visited her aged grandmother, Mrs. Hettie Gramley, last week.

Lee Weber and Nora Bressler, who a few months ago went to Illinois, returned last Wednesday and are again under the parental roof. Lee says the boarding did not suit his taste.

The farmers of this vicinity expect a very heavy hay crop. The wheat crop will be almost an entire failure. There will be an abundance of fruit such as cherries, plums, apples, etc.

John Detwiler and wife, Robert Mensch, wife and child, Ed. Bower and wife, Nels. Wert and wife, all of Aaronsburg, spent last Monday in town.

Lee Kidder and his grandfather, Mr. Fullmer, took a stroll to Lewistown one day last week, where they are visiting the latter's son.

Jared Harper and family, who were visiting relatives at this place a few days, returned to their home in Bellefonte last week.

Mrs. Evens Yearick, of Rockville, is at present visiting her parents, near Wolf Chapel.

Every Saturday the town is enlivened by the many lumbermen employed in the eastern part of this valley. They are all law abiding men, and are quite welcome here.

LOCALS.

Last week was very showery.

The brisk shower Sunday afternoon caught many pleasure seekers with no roof over them, except the leaking clouds.

Progress Grange announces a festival for Saturday evening, 18th, at which ice cream, cake, strawberries, etc., will be served. The benefits are for the hall fund.

Children's Day will be observed in the Presbyterian and Lutheran churches Sunday. Services in the former church in the morning, and in the latter in the evening.

The Democratic caucuses in Centre Hall and North Potter were very poorly attended. In the borough seventeen Democrats marked the slips, and in the north district but eleven.

S. J. Darrah, with his complement of several men, wives and children, are stopping at the Centre Hall hotel, having engaged quarters for three months. While here they will be engaged in selling steel ranges.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

The Shaffer-Hazel family reunion on June 15th, at Hecla Park.

The select primary grade school, taught by Miss Rebecca J. Moyer, closed Friday.

E. M. Huyett and family returned from their visit to Wernersville Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Barr, of Boalsburg, last week were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob From, in this place.

June 9, 16, 23 and 30 are the next dates for great coach excursions to St. Louis via Pennsylvania Railroad.

Dr. Charles C. Emerick has returned from the west, and during the past few weeks has been staying at Watsontown.

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Boozer attended the funeral of Mrs. John Boozer, at Osceola Mills. They left Centre Hall Friday and returned Monday.

Mrs. W. W. Rishel, of Montgomery, was entertained several days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. R. From, in Mifflinburg, according to the Times.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Will Conley, of Bellefonte, drove to Centre Hall Sunday. They arrived with the first installment of the afternoon shower.

Married at the parsonage of the United Evangelical church, June 2, by Rev. J. F. Shultz, Wallace M. Geary and Miss Carrie M. Lee, both of near Tusseyville.

Miss Martha Goodhart, daughter of James Goodhart, of Lewistown, is expected here from Elmira College. She will spend part of her vacation with Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Goodhart.

A baby was born to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Griffith, south of Centre Hall, on the Grossman farm. Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Grossman, grandpa and grandma, of Bellefonte, were among the first to greet the infant.

In another column of this paper you will see an advertisement of The Protective Nurseries, Geneva, N. Y. They want you to write to them and secure a good position selling their whole root Nursery stock.

Wednesday a double wedding was solemnized at the home of Col. John A. Daley, at Romola, when Frank Daley and Miss Blanche Oyler, and Miss Annie L. Daley and Mr. Harry I. Yearick, of Nittany were married.

The Bellefonte furnace went out of blast Wednesday night. The Nittany furnace is to follow suit some time during the latter part of the month. Neither one of the plants will be repaired, says the Watchman, until the iron market shows signs of picking up.

Misses Jennie Bitner, of Spring Mills; Dora Meyer, of Bellefonte, and Freda Wieland, of Linden Hall, are attending the commencement exercises at Franklin and Marshall College, and are the guests of the former's brother, Jake Bitner, one of the graduating class.

Rev. Adam S. Bierly, of Green Brier, was a caller Thursday of last week on his way home from conducting the funeral services over a little child of Henry Lingle, of Colyer. Rev. Bierly is pastor of the Evangelical Association charge, which covers quite a large territory and makes his duties difficult to perform.

Calvin Smith, son of Andrew Smith of near Mackeyville, was seriously injured by being thrown from a horse he was riding. The young man became entangled in the harness and was dragged on the ground, which resulted in one cheek being crushed in, two ribs broken, an injury to the head that produced concussion of the brain.

A. E. Kerlin is meeting with considerable success in the poultry business. He has a fine poultry house, and during the whole of last winter the hens never refused to make their daily returns in the shape of fine, large eggs. This spring he began operating the incubator, and at present he has several hundred fine white leg-horn peeps, all first class stock.

P. Hoffer Dale, who finished a year's work in the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, was home for a few days. Friday he went to Pennsylvania State College of which institution he is a graduate, and from there to Munson, at which latter place he entered the drug store of Dr. Wm. Keller. He will remain in Munson during his vacation.

The Mifflinburg Times has this to say: The Rev. C. Luther McConnel, pastor of the Lutheran Church and Prof. E. M. Brungart, of the Public Schools, of this place, will deliver addresses before the students of the Susquehanna University during the Commencement Exercises of that institution. The former preaching a sermon to the members of the College Y. M. C. A. and Prof. Brungart addressing the Classes in the Preparatory Schol.

THE RUSSIANS REPULSED

Attacked Forces at Chu-Chia-Tun, But Had to Retire.

JAP DIVERS WILL REMOVE MINES.

General Kuroki Reports the Result of an Encounter With Six Hundred Cossacks Near Simatsi—A Force of 2,000 Russians Pressing Japanese Cavalry Engaged by a Large Japanese Force and Retire to Telishu.

Tokyo, (By Cable).—The Japanese and Russian forces located north of Pulatien, which were in a series of brushes during the early part of last week, had another encounter near Chu-Chia-Tun. On that day the Japanese cavalrymen met the Russians at noon.

The Russians numbered 2,000 men and were composed of infantry, detachments of cavalry and artillery. They were pressing the Japanese cavalry when the Japanese assembled their entire force and engaged the enemy. The Russians drew off gradually and at 5.30 o'clock in the afternoon they retired to Telishu. The Japanese suffered four men killed and four men wounded in this fighting.

Cossacks Defeated.

A report has been received here from General Kuroki saying that on Friday last a detachment was dispatched from Ai-Yang-Cheng (Ai-Yang-Pienmen?), to the east of Feng-Yang-Cheng, to make a reconnoissance toward Chaimatsi (Simatsi, thirty-five miles north of Feng-Wang-Cheng). This detachment encountered 600 Cossacks, and after a brisk engagement the Russians retreated.

General Kuroki reports that the Russian loss was heavy. The Japanese suffered only one man killed and three wounded.

Wireless at Port Arthur.

It is suspected here that the Russians at Port Arthur are communicating with points on the Chinese coast by means of wireless telegraphy. It was reported that a wireless station had been erected secretly at the village of Peh-Wang, on Takin island, one of the Miao-Tao group, situated in Pechili strait, and the Japanese cruiser Chitose visited the island to investigate. She did not find anything. It is reported that another such station has been erected near Shan-Hai-Kwan, and the Japanese are investigating this matter.

The Chitose steamed in close to Liao-Shan promontory and discovered four masts and a watchhouse near the coast. One of these masts evidently was fitted for wireless telegraphy operations.

Emplacing New Batteries.

The Chitose reports having heard a series of explosions at Port Arthur and believes them to have resulted from blastings preparatory to the emplacing of new batteries.

The Janpanese torpedo boat destroyer Ikazuchi discovered and exploded a large mine off San-shan island at the entrance to Talienwan bay.

Divers Removing Mines.

The Japanese naval authorities engaged in clearing out the mines in the vicinity of Talienwan bay are employing Japanese shell divers from Kushiu province for the purpose. These divers volunteered for this work and are wonderfully expert. It is said that with their diving paraphernalia they can stay under water for half a day at a time.

Hundreds of Japanese fishermen are volunteering to assist in clearing away Russian mines, and it is probable that some of them will be used for this work. These voluntary offers are taken to illustrate the unity of the Japanese people in the war.

PASSENGER TRAINS COLLIDE.

Colorado Flyer Crashes Into the Accommodation—Tramp Killed.

Kansas City, Mo., (Special).—By the headon collision of two Missouri Pacific passenger trains near Mastin, 22 miles south of Kansas City, one person has been killed and 19 have been injured, most of the latter being passengers. The trains were No. 1 the Colorado Flyer, westbound, and No. 36, a Hoisington, Kan., accommodation train eastbound.

Both trains were behind their schedule and were trying to make up time. No. 36 had orders to take a siding at Mastin, but had not reached that station, and was met on a culvert a mile beyond Mastin by the flyer. Both engines were demolished. The day coach on the accommodation train was telescoped, as was the mail car on the flyer. All the cars of both trains were thrown from the track and the track and roadbed completely wrecked.

A relief train was sent from Kansas City with a dozen physicians. Some of the injured were made comfortable at Mastin, and others were brought to Kansas City.

Peace in Santo Domingo.

Washington, D. C., (Special).—The Navy Department has received the following cablegram from Rear Admiral Sigsbee, dated Porto Plata, Santo Domingo.

"Representatives met aboard the Detroit, according to arrangements made with the commanding officer of the Detroit. Peace has been agreed on in Santo Domingo and a cessation of hostilities for the next two days to obtain the consent of the recognized government. The Newark arrived opportunely as the conference made better arrangements.

Murderer Lynched.

Grangeville, Idaho (Special).—T. M. Myers, who killed George Brownlee and wounded Wallace Bennett, near Crooks Corral, three weeks ago, was taken from a party of officers near White Bird and lynched. The lynchers were masked and outnumbered the officers three to one. The officers rode on to Grangeville. The method of death is not known. Myers was being taken to the county jail when the lynching party overtook the officers.

NEWS IN SHORT ORDER.

The Latest Happenings Condensed for Rapid Reading.

Domestic.

Tornadoes did consierable damage in Dallas, Tex., Joplin, Mo., Arkansas City, Kan., and other places in the southwest. A number of people are reported injured. Floods have demoralized railroad traffic in Kansas and Missouri.

The Philadelphia and Lehigh Valley Traction Company's bondholders have adopted a reorganization plan by which the entire system will be made compact, with a new first mortgage for $4,600,000.

The convention of the Western Federation of miners adopted the report and recommendations of the committee on affiliation with other labor organizations.

Counterfeit United States half dollars and quarters are abundant in Vancouver, B. C. They are the same make that lately flooded the Sound cities.

The cash embezzled by Douglas M. Smith, teller of the National Tradesmen's Bank of New Haven, Ct., is estimated at $50,000.

Supreme Master Workman William H. Miller, of the Ancient Order United Workmen, died at a sanitarium in Battle Creek, Mich.

Confucianism and Taoism were discussed at the International Missionary Union, in session in Clifton Springs, N. Y.

The Missouri and Indiana buildings at the World's Fair, in St. Louis, were dedicated.

Twelve hundred miners suspended work in vicinity of Terre Haute, Ind., to assist in search for the four-year-old son of Dr. Byers, who has been missing from home since Sunday. Ponds and abandoned mines were searched and gypsy camps examined.

C. L. Saylor, general manager of the Armour packing interests in South Omaha, committed suicide. He has been suffering from nervous depression.

Doughlas M. Smith, paying teller in the National Tradesmen's Bank in New Haven, Ct., was arrested on the charge of being a defaulter.

Twenty persons were injured, some seriously, by the tornado that swept the town of Tekamah, Neb. The property loss is $50,000.

The mutilated body of a soldier was found in the rifle range at Fort Ethan Allen. The officers refused to give information.

Arthur A. Eddy was sentenced to prison in El Paso, Tex., for 99 years for the murder of Daniel Mitchell.

Oliver W. Stewart, chairman of the National Prohibition Convention, says the nomination of Gen. Nelson A. Miles for the presidency by the Prohibitionists may not be available in view of the absence of a statement by him setting forth his position.

The first national convention, or conference, of young people's societies of the different denominations, called the Young People's Missionary Movement, will be held at Winona Lake for 10 days, beginning June 17.

The platform adopted by the Nebraska Democratic Convention was framed by Mr. W. J. Bryan and is a reaffirmation of the Kansas City platform of 1900. Mr. Bryan will be a delegate to the national convention.

Samuel R. Calloway, president of the American Locomotive Company, and former president of the New York Central Railway Company died at his home, in New York, aged 54 years.

The Wyoming delegation to the Democratic National Convention will be instructed to vote for Hearst.

The murder several months ago of Andrew H. Green, known as the father of the Greater New York, and one of New York's most prominent public men, was recalled when suit was brought by John R. Platt against Hannah Elias, a mulattress, to recover certain real estate and money in banks, held in her name, and which Mr. Platt claims was obtained on threats to expose his relations with her.

The suspension of S. Munn, Son & Co. was announced on the New York Cotton Exchange. The firm is one of the oldest in the cotton trade in that city. The head bookkeeper and cashier disappeared about 10 days ago, and the firm believes that as soon as its accounts are straightened out it will be able to resume.

Four masked robbers gagged and bound three employes of the Delaware County Electric Railway, at Philadelphia, and blew open two safes, securing only $150 in cash.

Foreign.

Officers of the North Atlantic squadron were entertained at Lisbon by the King and Queen of Portugal.

President Loubet received Governor Odeil at the Elysee Palace, in Paris.

Dr. Baernreither, former Austrian minister of commerce, and Count Mervelt, former governor of the Provinces of Tyrol and Silesia, will tour the United States and Canada to study educational institutions and to visit the chief industrial centers.

An Italian cruiser arrived at Tangier. A delegation of chiefs of the Angerra Tribe will appeal to Raisouli, the bandit chief, to release Perdicaris and Varley in order to prevent the occupation of Morocco by foreigners opposing the Moslem faith.

It was announced in the British House of Commons that no representations had been made to Russia or Japan regarding the placing of naval mines in the Far East outside of territorial limits.

After living 57 days on bread and water four Newfoundland fishermen brought to St. Johns, N. F., a fishing vessel which had been adrift in an ice floe all winter.

A treaty of arbitration has been signed between Spain and Portugal.

The United States European squadron, under Rear Admiral Jewell, arrived at Tangier. The United States government has sent a message to the Sultan of Morocco declaring that the brigand Raisouli must be held personally responsible for any harm coming to Perdicaris.

The United States battleship Kearsarge, fiying the flag of Rear Admiral Barker, commander of the North American fleet, and the battleships Alabama and Maine have arrived at Lisbon.

CATASTROPHE IN PEORIA

A Large Distillery and Stock Yards Burned.

DEATH IN BLAZING WHISKEY.

Ten Men Crushed Beneath Burning Ruins and Over Three Thousand Cattle Are Suffocated and Slowly Roasted to Death—Thirty Thousand Barrels of Whiskey Burst Immediately Into Flame.

Peoria, Ill., (Special).—An explosion which occurred in the eleven-story warehouse of the Corning Distillery, the second largest in the world, completely wrecked the building. The ruins immediately took fire and communicated to three adjoining buildings, burning them to the ground. Ten men were buried beneath the ruins and burned to death and six others were seriously injured. The loss on buildings and whisky and spirits stored will approximate $1,000,000. The fire spread to the Stock Yards district, where a dozen large cattle barns, filled with cattle for market, were burned.

The cause of the explosion cannot yet be determined.

The wildest excitemen prevailed after the explosion, the immense plant was surrounded by thousands of people, who, however, were unable to get close to the structure on account of the intense heat.

The warehouse, containing in the neighborhood of 30,000 barrels of whisky, was instantaneously a seething caldron, and it was seen that no one inside the big structure could escape. The warehouse in crushing the smaller structure nearby set that on fire, and the whiskey from the bursting barrels flooded everything in that section. Large streams ran down grade toward the river, and in a short time there was a foot of whisky in the cattle pens, east of the warehouse, where 3,200 steers were chained fast. Their distress lasted but a few moments, however, for they were soon roasted to death or suffocated.

They were the property of Dood & Kiefer, of Chicago. It is impossible to compute their loss, but it will amount to thousands of dollars.

The two fermenting houses were speedily food for the flames. They are two structures of good dimensions and both of them were practically destroyed.

The firemen got near the fire with difficulty, and the water had little or no effect. A high wind was blowing and fanned the flames in the direction of the Monarch Distillery, and for a time it was feared that the fire would sweep along the entire river bank. However, the heroic work of the firemen began to tell, and at 7 o'clock the fire seemed under control, with no likelihood of a further spread.

PRISONER SHOT DEAD.

Tried to Throw Captor Into River and Was Killed.

Minneapolis, Minn. — (Special—Two military prisoners at Fort Snelling made an attempt to escape and one of them, Tony Wisch, was shot dead by Private Kennedy. Private Reilly, who managed to get to cover, was retaken later.

The men had escaped from the sentinels while at work and had crossed on the bridge leading to St. Paul. Reilly was retaken and led the way to a saloon where Wisch was found. The party started back across the bridge to the fort, and when in the middle the prisoners tried to throw Kennedy over the run into the river below. Kennedy thereupon shot Wisch, who lived only two minutes.

Head-On Collision.

Kansas City, Mo. (Special).—Nine persons are reported to have been killed and many injured in a collision of passenger trains on the Missourl Pacific Railroad, near Martin City, fifteen miles south of Kansas City. The trains, which met head-on, were the westbound Colorado limited No. 1 and the eastbound Hoisington (Kan.) accommodation No. 36. A message received by Missouri Pacific officials here ordered them to send a relief train as soon as possible and to get all the surgeons obtainable, from which it is inferred that many passengers were hurt.

Get-Fat-Quick Scheme.

Chicago (Special).—The "get-fat-quick" contests were abolished by the Chicago Civil Service Commission. Three candidates for positions in the city fire department who have been dieting and exercising for a week in an effort to reach 140 pounds, the standard required by the civil service rules, failed to accomplish the task. One candidate succeeded, increasing his weight seven and a half pounds. Instead of following the example of his fellows the successful candidate tried what he termed the "rest cure."

Microbe of Phthisis.

Naples—(By Cable). — Professor Schron, the discoverer of life in crystals, gave a public demonstration that he had found a new microbe which causes phthisis, a microbe quite different from that causing tuberculosis. Professor Schron affirms that this discovery explains why Dr. Koch's serum not only did not cure phthisis, but aggravated it.

Boodling Cases Remanded.

Jefferson City, Mo., (Special)—The Missouri Supreme Court reversed and remanded the cases of T. Edward Albright, Jerry J. Hannigan and John A. Sheridan, former members of the St. Louis municipal assembly, convicted on the charge of bribery and sentenced to five years each in the penitentiary. The cases were reversed on the brief of the attorney general that the informations were not verified by affidavits as required by law.

LIVE WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.

No Surplus This Year.

For the first time in five years the Government will be confronted by a deficit at the close of the present fiscal year, which will end on June 30 next. Secretary Shaw, in his annual report to Congress last December, declared his belief that there would be a surplus of $14,000,000 in the Treasury at the end of the present year. The fiscal experts of the Government hesitate about making statements for publication, but privately admit that the Secretary shot wide of the mark. The deficit will be due to decreased Federal receipts, increased Governmetn expenditures, especially for the military establishment; the $50,000,000 payment on the purchase of the Panama canal property and the appropriation of $4,600,000 for the St. Louis Exposition.

For 11 months of the present year the total receipts of the Government have been $493,300,230 and the total expenditures $545,265,368, or a deficit of $51,965,138 for the 11 months of the present fiscal year. Compared with the Treasury statement of May 31, 1903, the above figures are exceedingly interesting. For the 11 months ended May 31, 1903, the receipts of the Government were $510,533,471 and the expenditures $471,584,855, leaving the Government with a surplus of $38,948,616 on that day.

It is pointed out by the officials of the Treasury that much of the shortage this year has been due to the Panama Canal and St. Louis Exposition expenditures, and that if this total of $54,600,000 were deducted from the expense account of the Government there would be a surplus of $2,334,611 for the first 11 months of the current year, as against a surplus of $38,946,619 for the same period a year ago.

As compared with a year ago, the receipts of this fiscal year have fallen off about $17,000,000, and the expenditures for ordinary purposes have increased about $22,000,000. Including the Panama and St. Louis expenditures the expenditures are $75,000,000 greater than a year ago.

To Save China Whole.

No matter how the war in the Far East may eventually result, the United States government intends to insist upon the integrity of the Chinese Empire.

This fact was learned from the best of official authority.

For some time there has been a feeling in official circles that European powers were planning to seize parts of China at the termination of the war between Russia and Japan, and that no matter which won, plans were being laid by outside countries to take slices of China, as was the case of the end of the Japan-China war. All of the now powerful influence of the United States will be used to prevent such a grasping policy, and there is every reason to believe that if Japan is victorious she will work in harmony with the United States to save China.

Should Russia be victorious the situation would be more complicated, but even so, the State Department would hope to save China, with the possible exception of being forced to recognize the special Russian interests and domination in Manchuria.

Postmaster Upheld.

Justice Brown delivered the opinion of the United States Supreme Court in the case of the Public Clearing house vs. F. E. Coyne, postmaster of Chicago. The case was brought to enjoin the enforcement of a fraud order prohibiting the delivery of mail matter addressed to the clearinghouse, which has a co-operative scheme by which it promised large returns to subscribers. They were required to pay $3 cash and $1 per month for 60 months, with the promise of large returns at the end of that time. The court held that the Postmaster General had not exceeded his authority in issuing the order saying that the success of the enterprise depended on getting a constantly increasing number of subscribers, with the certainty that those who held on to the last would lose their money. It therefore, said the court, lacked every element of a legitimate enterprise, and its mail was properly withheld in the protection of the public. Justice Peckham dissented.

President's Plans.

While only tentative arrangements have been made for the President's sojourn during the summer at Oyster Bay, it has been decided that he will leave Washington for his summer home on the morning of Saturday, July 2. He has decided to receive his notification of the nomination at Oyster Bay. The date will depend very largely on the desires of the members of the notification committee. It probably will be early in July. It is expected that the President will return to Washington in the last week of July, to remain here until about the middle of August, when he will return to Oyester Bay for perhaps a month. When he returns to Washington, in September, he will remain here until election day, going then to Oyster Bay to cast his vote.

Congressman Get's Plum.

After a conference ith the President Attorney-General Knox announced the following appointments:

William M. Lanning, Trenton, N. J., to be United States District Judge for the district of New Jersey. Mr. Lanning now represents the Fourth New Jersey district in the house of Representatives and succeeds the late Judge Andrew Kirkpatrick.

Edward A. Mann, of Las Cruces, New Mexico, to be assistant judge of the New Mexico Supreme Court. This is a new position created by the last session of Congress.

Congressional and Departments.

Elaborate arrangemnts have been made for the entertainment of the Filipino visitors in Washington.

The annual conference of officers of the Marine Hospital Service was held in Washington.

The coinage of gold during May was $44,109,000; silver, $380,000.

Judge Pritchard, of the Fourth United States Circuit Court, granted a temporary writ of habeas corpus to Josephus Daniels, of the Raleigh News and Observer, who was committed by Judge Purnell for contempt.

MAY LET PERDICARIS GO

The Negotiations With the Brigand Raisuli.

HAS COMMUNICATED WITH CAPTIVES.

The Sultan's Representative and the French Diplomats Have a Plan That They Believe Will Bring About Release of Captives—May Be Settled by End of Week—Mrs. Varley Gives Story of Kidnapping.

Tangier (By Cable).—The rumor to the effect that the American warships would land armed parties June 6 if Messrs. Perdicaris and Varley, captured by brigands headed by Raisuli, were not liberated, has, upon investigation, been proved untrue. The Sultan's reply to the representatives of the powers has not yet been received, but it is said on high authority that the matter probably will be settled by the end of this week.

Paris (By Cable).—The officials here now take a more hopeful view of the situation at Tangier. Reports show that Mohammed El Torres, the representative of the Sultan at Tangier, whose first efforts to obtain the release of Messrs. Perdicaris and Varley failed, has another plan for securing their release, which is believed to be acceptable to the Sultan and Raisuli, the brigand chief.

London (By Cable).—Mrs. Cromwell Varley has sent her relatives in Norfolk an interesting description of the seizure of Ion Perdicaris and Mr. Varley, her husband, by bandits near Tangier, Morocco.

After describing the sudden attack of the bandits and the capture of the outbuildings, she continues:

"Hearing a noise, uncle and Cromwell rushed out to see what was the matter. They were immediately surrounded, overpowered and bound. When we reached the scene the bandits threw mother and myself down a flight of steps, warning us not to interfere in any way, so we retired. One of the maids, however, with great pluck and presence of mind, slipped away to the telephone and shouted:

"'Thieves! They are killing us.'

"Before she could say more Raisuli dashed the instrument from her hand and said he would shoot us if we called for help.

"We waited ten minutes while uncle, as we thought, was arranging terms with the bandits, when a soldier informed us that Raisuli had carried off uncle and Cromwell."

The letter confirms the receipt of communications from Mr. Perdicaris acknowledging that he is well treated. The captives are lodged in a Moorish hut, with an antiroom, in which one of Perdicaris' soldiers sleeps. This soldier voluntarily became a captive so that he might accompany Perdicaris. The letter concludes:

"I have been able to send them clothing and provisions."

Washington (By Cable). — The Navy Department is advised by cable that the Marietta left Gibraltar for Tangier, having gone to Gibraltar for stores for the combined squadrons now at Tangier.

Rear Admiral Chadwick, commanding the South Atlantic squadron, now at Tangier, Morocco, reported to Washington that conditions remain practically unchanged in the case of the kidnapping of the American citizen, Ion Perdicaris, and his stepson, Cromwell Varley, a British subject.

JEALOUSY PROMPTS TRAGEDY.

Pittsburg Married Man Killed a Woman and Blew Out His Brains.

Pittsburg, Pa., (Special).—Shortly before daylight Irvin Wise, a mechanical engineer, shot Katie Craff through the heart, instantly killing her, and then turned his revolver on himself, sending another bullet into his own heart and ending his life almost instantly. The shooting occurred at the boardinghouse at 309 St. Mary's court, Allegheny, of which the Craff woman was proprietress. No one witnessed the murder and suicide, but when the police arrived they arrested three young women, who were asleep in the house at the time, and held them as witnesses.

The motive for the double crime is at present unknown, but as Wise had been paying attention to the Craff woman for some time it is believed to have been jealousy.

That the crime was premeditated is shown by a message found on the union card discovered in Wise's pocket. The card reads:

"My name is Irvin Wise. Notify my mother, Mrs. R. Wise, Lewisburg, Union county, Pa."

Wise was married and had one son.

Town Swept By Tornado.

Norton, Kan., (Special).—A tornado which struck the little town of Selden, West of Norton, on the Rock Island railway, demolished a church, five dwellings and much farm property. A funeral service was being conducted in the church at the time and 300 persons were in attendance. A dozen persons were hurt, none seriously, however. Much damage was done to farm property in the path of the storm beyond Selden, but no loss of life has been reported.

$100,000 Fire in Green Bay.

Green Bay, Wis., (Special)—A loss of nearly $100,000 was caused by fire in Albert Delaport's clothing store and adjoining buildings. The loss is partially covered by insurance.

$2,000,000 to School Fund.

Portland, Ore., (Special). — Mrs. Amanda W. Reed, who died at Pasadena, Cal., a few days ago, has provided in her will for the funding of an institution here, to be known as Reed Institute, in memory of her husband, the late Simon G. Reed, a pioneer and capitalst of Portland. The bequest will amount to about $2,000,000. Her will specifies that the institue shall combine instruction in the fine arts and sciences and manual training.

TASCOTT DIES IN ALASKA.

Murderer of Chicago Millionaire Snell—Mystery of Fifteen Years.

Victoria, B. C., (Special).—If the voluntary declaration of a dying man is to be believed, finis has been written to the historic Snell tragedy of 15 years ago and Tascot, the long-sought murderer, self-identified, has paid the penalty of his crime with penitence and now fills an unmarked grave in the heart of the Alaskan wilderness, whither he had fled for the effacement of his individuality.

Philip Robertson, a strictly reliable man, prospector and miner, received the dying man's confession and tells the story simply and dramatically. Robertson left the Klondike capital, he says, late last fall in a small boat bound for the new placer grounds at Fairbanks. He reached a point near Dahl River in a particularly desolate and forbidden region, when the forlorn wailing of a dog surprised his ears. He found the dog, a half-starved shepherd, seemingly in much distress. Following this animal Robertson was brought to a seemingly deserted cabin some 400 yards above the river concealed in a clump of spruce.

"I ventured to the door of the shack and knocked," says Robertson, "and there was a feeble 'come in.' All was darkness inside and there was no sign of a fire. I caught sight of a bit of candle, which I lighted, and then advanced to where a man lay.

"With a feeble effort he turned and stared at me for fully a minute. Then he said: 'Are you an officer?'

"The question amazed me a bit 'No,' I said, 'I am a miner, and if there is anything I can do for you I want to do it.'

"I soon had a fire going and again approached the bed. The man's hair was white as snow, his face had a color in it that looked like death, and he had the most terrified and hopeless expression I have ever seen on a human being.

"'Partner,' he said, finally, rolling over on his side and little more than whispering, 'I am leaving a world that I did not appreciate. I'm going to ——, where I belong.'

"He lapsed into silence again, and what I thought was a sleep came over him. Two hours passed and he suddenly wakened with a shriek and then sank back in bed.

"In a few minutes he gave another scream and straightened up in bed. Then, in a voice you would think came from a good, strong man, he said: 'See here, boys, my name is Tascott. I'm Tascott. Do you understand? I'm Tascott that they've been hunting like a wolf for years. I cannot run any more. I'm getting paid for what I did. I know I'm dying, and I know where I'll go. Tell the boys when they come back that I am Tascott, and you can tell the world, too, for the world has hunted me a long time.'

"About 3 in the morning I heard a noise like a man expelling all the air from his lungs. I rushed over to the bed and felt the man's pulse and heart. He was dead.

"The next day his partners got back and I told them what happened. They were the strangest fellows I ever met in the North. They did not say who they were. They did not even thank me for staying with their dead. They did not even ask me to join them at their meal, but they buried the man, and, rolling up their things in a blanket, they started across country in the direction of the Koyukuk.

"Before going one of them came to me abruptly. 'See here,' he said, 'you've seen and heard what you've heard. You can't make anything by talking about it. He's dead, and that's all there is to it.'

"Before I could ask him anything he had struck the trail, and that was the last I saw of him. I have never told about this until now, but that dead man asked me to make his stork public, and so I do so. I solemnly believe that he was tortured to death by thinking of his own life, and the belief that he was always the object of pursuit, and I as surely believe that he told the truth in saying that he was Tascott. It's my opinion that his partner knew it, too."

ELECTRIC CAR WRECKED.

Passenger and Package Freight Cars Met Head-On.

Norwalk, O.—(Special).—In the most terrible accident in the history of the Lake Shore Railway, six persons were killed and many other badly hurt late in the afternoon as a result of a collision between an eastbound fast electric passenger car and a westbound "package freight" car at Wells Corners, a few miles east of this city.

The accident occurred at a point quite distant from any immediate means of communication, and assistance was sent from Norwalk, where every physician and nurse in the city was called into service and hurried to the place of accident on a special car.

When the injured had been attended to they were placed on a car and brought to this city.

All those who were killed were in the smoking compartment of the passenger car, and death came instantly, the bodies showing no sign of life when the rescuers went to work after they had recovered from the first shock of the accident.

The injuries of several of those hurt are so serious that they may result fatally.

Just why the accident occurred is not known.

Superintendent Strelau, of the Fremont division of the road, arrived shortly after the accident and will make a thorough investigation.

FINANCIAL.

"Traffic is steadily on the decline," says a New York Central official.

Call money is as cheap again as it was prior to the extensive gold exports.

There over 7,000 creditors of Pettigill & Co., of Boston, who failed for $1,217,000.

In the third week of May, gross earnings of the Louisville & Nashville decline1 $66,302.

Atchison has earned this fiscal year about 8 per cent. on its common stock and it pays 4 per cent dividends.

'Tis scandal time!

'Tis candle time; the day has grayed
To dusk; the low tea table's laid,
And Flo and Phyllis cosily
Discuss their world, and sip their tea
From curious cups of priceless jade.

'Tis now each calls a spade a spade,
For, if there is one hour made
For gossip most especially,
'Tis candle time!

"Mabella's gown's a horrid shade;
Whatever made her choose brocade?"
"Gwen's flirting just outrageously—
She'll soon win Jack from poor Marie!"—
Alas! I'm very much afraid
'Tisg scandal time!

Caroline Mischka Roberts, in The Smart Set.

Under a Cake of Ice.

It was three o'clock on a clear March afternoon when Henry Duncan, ax on shoulder, walked whistling out of the village of Winterport on the Penobscot River. He followed the main road for about a hundred rods, and then took a by-path through the fields that led him down to the water, nearly a half-mile north of the town.

His goal was a dock between two old wharves, where lay his coasting schooner, the Elsie, tied up the previous December, when the Penobscot froze over, and now, although the river had been open a fortnight, still thickly ice-clad from the lapping of the water against her sides. It was his mission that afternoon to cut off this winter coat, and begin to get his vessel ready for the season's business.

Duncan sprang lightly down the slippery bank, and stood on the old wharf, with its sodden log-ends and brown, rotting cobwork covered with masses of clinging rockweed. The tide has just begun to rise, but was still some distance below the schooner's rudder; the hard mud bottom of the dock was bare, except for a few stranded ice-cakes.

It had been a cold winter, and the coating on the Elsie was in some places more than a foot in thickness. The melting warmth of the March sun had set the water flowing between the outside planks and their covering, so that the ice had started away a little from the side. If it were creased into sections with an ax and then cut more deeply, it would fall off in great slabs.

Descending a short ladder at the head of the dock, he took off his coat, laid it upon an ice-cake behind him, and began chopping away at the mass that concealed the outlines of his vessel near the stern. At first he worked with considerable caution; but as the ice was unexpectedly hard and came off in very small pieces, he grew a little impatient and struck more vigorously.

There was a sharp crackling, and a section more than ten feet long and nearly as high as the schooner's side split off bodily.

Duncan saw it coming, but so quickly did it drop that he had no time to get out of the way. It fell across his body, bearing him backward and pinning him down upon the mud.

The plight in which the young owner so unexpectedly found himself was both painful and dangerous. There he lay, flat on his back, covered from the tips of his toes almost to his shoulders by a slab of ice weighing several hundred pounds.

The under side was rough with irregular bosses, and these, pressing down upon the mud, held up the cake from his body; otherwise his life would surely have been crushed out in a short time.

So far as he could tell, no bones had been broken, but his body and lower limbs were fastened into absolute immobility. His arms, however, were free, and he could breathe with no great difficulty. Pressing his hands strongly against the edge of the slab, he attempted to drag himself from under it. But struggle as hard as he might, he found to his great alarm that he could not work himself backward the fraction of an inch. He began to shout for aid:

"Hi! Hi! Hi! Help!"

The narrow dock resounded with his cries. From the opposite shore of the river a faint echo rolled back. How could they help hearing him in the village, half a mile below? He became silent and waited. Surely rescue would soon come. But at the end of ten minutes no approaching footstep had gladdened his ears. Again he sent forth shout after shout; but still there was no response. The dock was in an unfrequented spot, under a high bank, and the wharves that hemmed it in prevented his voice from being heard. Evidently it was useless to count on assistance from others.

Duncan turned his head and looked out across the level river. It was a beautiful afternoon. The Penobscot seemed rejoicing in its freedom from the chains of winter. No breeze rippled the surface visible between the wharf-ends. An occasional ice-cake, drifting slowly by, was the only thing that broke the monotony of the smooth, blue current.

The pressure upon the prisoner's body was becoming heavier and more painful, chilling it and checking the circulation. He could just breathe, and that was all. Pull and strain as he might, he could not extricate himself. Then a sudden fear struck him as he noted the progress of the tide. It had already crept up several inches!

He was near the lower end of the slab. The bottom of the dock sloped sharply downward, and he saw that before the tide could rise high enough to float the entire mass and remove the pressure from his body, his face would be covered and he would assuredly be drowned.

The young navigator had a strong, active body and a clear brain. He fully appreciated his peril, but saw that it was idle to waste his energies in frantic and unavailing efforts. He looked about for his ax, hoping to cut himself free. A few feet to his right the handle protruded from beneath the ice-cake. A single trial showed him that it was out of his reach, and he at once dismissed it from his thoughts.

But one resource remained. In the pocket of his coat, a few feet behind him, was a small jack-knife. Stretching his arms backward at full length he touched a sleeve and very carefully drew it toward him. In a moment the open knife was in his grasp, and he mustered all his powers for the coming struggle. With so small an instument he would have no more than time to cut himself clear before the tide should reach him. Every stroke must tell.

To gain his liberty he set out to cut three sides of an ice-cake sixteen inches long, sixteen wide, and from six to ten thick. The fourth side was the edge directly before his face. This would allow him to sit upright, with his head above the slab, and when the rising tide lifted the ice, he could easily pull his legs out.

With freedom of motion and a suitable instrument, his task would have been a trifling one. But handicapped as he was by being held down in a cramped position, armed only with a short, slender steel blade, and unable to lift his head high enough to see the surface he must attack, he did not underrate the difficulty of the achievement.

Stretching his arms forward above the edge of the slab, he began with strong, cautious strokes to draw his knife across the crackling fragments, which sprinkled his face and cheeks, and fell in heaps on each side. Deeper and deeper grew the rifts; before many minutes he would be free!

He struck a hard spot, and bore down a little too heavily. Snap! The brittle steel, chilled by constant contact with the ice, broke short off. As the blade gave way his hand came heavily down upon the surface, and the knife flew from his grasp.

For an instant this catastrophe, coming so unexpectedly, paralyzed Duncan. Then he remembered that the tool had another blade, and swept his fingers over the ice in the hope of grasping the horn handle. To his horror he could nowhere discover it. He tried again, straining and stretching forward with all his might, but again failed.

Sick with disappointment, he let his head drop back upon the mud, and lay for a moment with closed eyes, then turned his face to note the progress of the tide. It was rising quietly, more terrifying to him than if it had come with a sound and tumult. Already it washed the foot of the spiles across the dock.

Resignation now would be cowardice. Duncan breathed a short prayer for strength, and again faced the situation.

A rushing far up the river broke the stillness of the afternoon. The Boston boat! Perhaps some one on board might see or hear him.

But he was doomed to disappointment. Just as the steamer came opposite the dock she whistled for the Winterport landing, and the hoarse bellow of escaping steam drowned the shouts he raised. And so swiftly did she speed by the narrow opening between the wharves that not one among her scores of passengers perceived the frantic waving of his arms. The beating of the paddle wheels died away and he was again left to himself.

It was not far from four o'clock. The sun was declining toward the west, and the banks were beginning to cast their shadows toward the river and it was growing colder. Duncan's body was stiff and numb from the fearful weight that was grinding him down into the mud. The sharp edge of the ice seemed to cut his flesh.

All the while his brain was busy with schemes to get the knife that he knew must lie not far away on the ice above his head. If he only had a short stick, it might be possible to pull the tool within his reach; but nothing of the sort was at hand. Then it came to him that he might make a noose with his handkerchief, and perhaps fling it over the knife.

A few minutes' careful angling on the unseen surface, to his great joy he regained possession of the precious instrument.

Duncan now addressed himself to his task with renewed energy, tempered with caution. Never in his life had he done any harder work than with that little penknife.

Now he would strike a shelly place, and his progress would be rapid. Then the ice would grow hard and blue again, rendering his advance slower. All the time there grew upon him an increasing terror of the tide. He had never known that it could rise so fast. Often in summer, when he had been waiting for it to float his vessel, it had barely crept up the beach. Now every minute showed a steady gain.

There was a patter of feet, a scraping of claws on the wharf across the dock. Then on its capsill appeared the head and shoulders of a hound outlined against the clear sky. Duncan recognized him as a dog belonging to a neighbor, and the wild hope flashed into his head that here was a messenger that might summon assistance. Oh, if he could only be made to understand!

With voice and gesture he tried to coax the hound down into the dock. The animal evidently appreciated the fact that something was wanted of him, for he ran whinning back and forth on the edge of the wharf, as if seeking a place to descend. Finally, however, to Duncan's bitter disappointment he turned and bounded off.

Two sides of the ice-cake parallel to his body were now cut through, but the hardest of the three, that across his thighs, had hardly been touched. And the water had already laid its icy clutch on his hair. How freezing cold it was! It had crept under the cake, and was chilling his whole body. It was flowing into his ears. The back of his head and neck seemed to be turning into ice.

Then came ten minutes of painful, desperate effort. The shipmaster's body was almost destitute of feeling because of the fearful numbness that had crept over it. About him the rising water eddied and gurgled. His whole life depended upon that little sharp piece of steel set in the horn handle. The cake was cut half through; a few more strokes would do the work.

Again that slight snapping sound! The brittle blade had broken like the other!

With a mighty effort Duncan flung both arms powerfully down on the tongue that still held to the slab by its half-severed end, preventing his escape; but the firm mass showed no sign of yielding. Again, and still again, with the strength of despair he dashed his elbows against the unfeeling ice, bruising them cruelly. But his second and third attempts proved as the first.

"You never can do it! You never can do it!" a voice seemed to keep saying over and over in his ear.

"I will do it!" he shouted. And for the fourth time his muscles hard as steel and his energies doubled and trebled by the deadly peril, he hurled his tense forearms upon the mass that held him down.

Crack! The cake split off, and lay loosely across his chest.

He had succeeded at last, but not a moment too soon, for the water was lapping his cheeks. With a final endeavor he pushed the severed cake aside, and putting his arms behind him, lifted his stiffened frame to an upright position. The long chilling pressure had almost numbed his body and he was weak as a reed from the struggle he had won.

A few minutes more, and the rising tide floated the slab sufficiently to allow him to draw his legs from under it, and he crept slowly up out of the water.

It was hard work to climb the ladder at the head of the dock; but grit and resolution conquered, and Duncan found himself at last on the moldering timbers of the wharf. It would not do to remain there, however, so slowly and painfully, he started to drag himself homeward.

The effort he was obliged to make, hard though it seemed, was of the greatest benefit to him, for it gradually set the blood circulating once more through his benumbed body. By the time he had gone two hundred yards he was able to rise to his feet and begin a slow, hobbling walk. On reaching home he said nothing of his adventure, although he felt its effects for weeks afterward.

Duncan is now captain of a three-masted schooner, well-known in the coasting trade. In one of the drawers of the desk in his cabin is a horn-handled jack-knife with both blades broken. This he preserves as carefully as a veteran of a war might treasure some object that had stopped the bullet aimed at his heart.—Youth's Companion.

A Tame Butterfly.

A Chicago woman had all winter a tame butterfly that has just died. It did not cost much to keep this butterfly, for all it ate was one drop of honey every three days.

The butterfly blundered into the woman's house one day last fall. It was numb with cold. For a little while it fluttered feebly. Then it sank to the carpet and lay as though dead.

The woman took it in her hands and warmed it, whereupon it became active and gay. But once released from the warmth of her hands it grew cold again—it fell into a stupor. Thereupon she gave it another warming. Thus, before many days had gone by, the butterfly learned the restorative value of a woman's hands, and it would fly to them and nestle in them as a little child nestles on the breast of its mother.

It learned to feed from her hand, too; but all it desired was a drop of honey every three or four days. She would place the honey on her finger and the butterfly, uncurling its delicate sucker, would sip it slowly and daintily, as a young lady sips soda water through a straw.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

The ten branch offices of the Russo-Chinese Bank located in China have since their establishment no record of a single protested note.

The proportion of divorces to marriages in Japan is one to four.

Gentleness the Quality of Qualities in Woman.

By H. R. R. Hertzberg.

WHEN, a few days ago, I wrote a little harmless extravaganza, with woman's most beautiful physical trait for a theme, and ended it by saying that "the best thing about a beautiful woman is everything about her," I hadn't the remotest idea that Mr. Casson would describe me as "a little boy who whittles a shingle."

At the same time the editor, who said that character was woman's best quality, received a share of Mr. Casson's philosophic condemnation. Now, Mr. Casson is justified in calling down the editor, because character, as he states truly, is not more feminine than masculine. And I am eminently justified in calling down Mr. Casson because, when he names refinement as woman's best quality, he errs egregiously. Refinement is not a quality. It is a condition, a result.

Take the case of the diamond in the rough. Its quality of brilliancy is there. Polish is needed to bring it out, all right enough, but it has nothing to do with that diamond's ability to shine. The quality of brilliancy is inherent. All qualities are inherent. But polish is not inherent. It comes from the outside. The jeweler produces it. Refinement in a human being is the equivalent of polish in a stone.

Honestly, I had not intended to break into this controversy. However, Mr. Casson's censure has put me on my mettle. Having disposed of him and of the editor, I shall now designate as woman's best quality a real, unmistakable quality—gentleness.

To gentleness must be attributed the various excellences with which Mr. Casson rightly credits woman. It is because she's gentle that woman lacks the thousand and one blemishes man's brutal selfishness reveals. And, mind you, gentleness is not necessarily refined.

Of course, refinement adds a special lustre to it. Still, there are many gentlewomen in the rough—like diamonds—with all their possibilities for true beneficence extant, though probably not visible to the unobservant eye.

The unrefined gentlewoman is the uncut gem—the polished jewel is what we call the lady.

In this connection, a few words addressed to one of the Journal's readers who criticises the closing remark in last Saturday's editorial on "Woman's Best Quality" may not be out of order.

"Learning is good, but that can come later—after marriage," ran the remark.

The author of the criticism objects to this one sentence. "I wonder," says he, "if the writer of that editorial has ever had the misfortune of meeting an uneducated mother!" and he draws a sincere and a pathetic picture of ignorant maternity.

It occurs to me that the critic has misconstrued the line.

Surely learning—deep knowledge—is not essential in a woman. Information, something more than the rudiments of education, she needs to be a good and useful mother, not learning. Such was, I believe, the meaning of the editor.

Let me insist once more that gentleness is the best, the most desirable fundamental quality a woman can possess—the perfume of the flower by which the flower shall be known.—New York Journal.

Korea's Dark Future.

Dominion of Any Nation Can Hardly be Worse Than Present Conditions.

By Rev. Arthur Judson Brown.

UNHAPPY Korea is having a hard time between the conflicting ambitions of powerful Russia and Japan. For the Koreans it is a case of "under which king, Bezonian?" Too weak to be independent, and with subjugation to a foreign nation inevitable, the outlook is not cheering.

Still, the future under either Japanese or Russian domination can hardly be worse than the present. The government lacks the moral fiber needed at such a critical time, and official corruption is well-nigh absolute. The people are taxed beyond all reason. Any man suspected of having property is in danger of being thrown into a filthy prison on some trumped-up charge and held or perhaps tortured until he disgorges. Offices are sold to the highest bidder, or given to dissipated favorites, who divide the proceeds. The courts give no redress, for the plunderer himself is usually both judge and jury. So rotten is the entire system that one marvels that the nation has not fallen to pieces before this. Only the stolid apathy of the Asiatic and the rival claims of foreign powers have held it together at all.

The financial problem is as bad as the political. Oppression and robbery destroy all incentive to accumulate property. A man has no motive to toil when he knows that an additional ox or a better house would probably result in a "squeeze" from some lynx-eyed potentate. So he raises only a little rice and devotes the remainder of his time to resting.—The Century.

A Social Fiction.

By Alice Meynell.

THERE is wreckage and drift of bygone fancy in our daily speech. "All language," said Emerson, "is fossil poetry"; and some most dry and forlorn fossils lie here and there among the once ceremonious forms of our social manner of speech. We—that is, our race—have cleared aside a thousand such incumbrances. But where so many have been thrown away, why have some remained? Perhaps because of their very gracelessness. They are not suspected of compliment, so that an Anglo-Saxon is able to speak them without the disabling consciousness of paying his court. And the most persistent of them all is the pretty fiction whereby he represents himself as leaving an afternoon party at a run: "I am afraid I must be running away."

The form of words—happily not general, but used oftener than one could wish—is infelicitous enough for even the most refined state of social life. It has none of the simple arts of self-depreciation that have been practiced time out of mind by the nations. Its candor is all on the other side. It confesses that the hostess will be sorry at his going. It avows that she would stay him if she could. It makes no secret of the need of an apology, and the apology is lightly inverted, so as to save all danger of a conventional misunderstanding. There shall be no risk of any one's supposing that, as he runs, the guest would rather that fate had suffered him to walk. "I am afraid I must be running away" is poetry that rejects the ways of tradition.—Harper's Bazar.

SHOT A SHAD ON THE WING.

Hawk Got the Fish, Gun Got the Bird, and Brink Got His Dinner.

When Henry Brink of East Belvidere, N. J., arose on a recent day it was suggested to him that as it was the open season for trout and he might do well to spend the morning in replenishing the larder. So Brink, who was suffering from a severe attack of spring fever, took up his rod and fly book and hied him to the woods.

For four miles he followed the windings of the Minnisink in vain. In vain he tried the blue dragon and the scarlet teeter, replacing the purple whirly-gig with the green gadfly—all to no purpose.

So, when Brink heard the old farmhouse fishhorn tooting out the dinner call he made tracks for home, disgusted with the finny tribe. When nearing the house he saw a monster hawk flying close to the ground and coming in his direction. Having lost several fine pullets through the depredations of the "pirates of the air," he concluded to get even and rushed for the house.

Emerging a moment later with his double barrel hammerless, he let fly with both barrels with such excellent aim that the bird landed in the door yard, its neck and head filled with buckshot.

Rushing over to the prostrate hawk, what was Brink's surprise to see something flopping about the ground. Kicking the hawk to one side, he discovered a five pound roe shad, which had evidently just been hauled from the Delaware River, four miles away. It being Friday, the Brinks dined royally.—New York Times.

When Children Won a Victory.

A curious and pretty custom is observed every year in the city of Hamburg to celebrate a famous victory which was won by little children more than four hundred years ago. In one of the numerous sieges Hamburg was reduced to the last extremity, when it was suggested that all the children should be sent out unprotected into the camp of the besiegers as the mute appeal for mercy of the helpless and the innocent. This was done. The rough soldiery of the investing army saw with amazement, and then with pity, a long procession of little ones, clad in white, come out of the city and march boldly into their camp.

The sight melted their hearts. They threw down their arms and, plucking branches of fruit from the neighboring orchards, they gave them to the children to take back to the city as a token of peace. This was a great victory, which has ever since been commemorated at Hamburg by a procession of boys and girls dressed in white and carrying branches of the cherry tree in their hands.—Detroit News-Tribune.

The mineral products of the United States, which reached the billion dollar mark in 1901, were last year $1,260,639,000.

The difference between torpedo boats and torpedo boat destroyers is one of size only. If over 350 tons a vessel is voted a destroyer. Torpedo boats are usually less than 200 tons.

In Milan there are restaurants run by the Union Co-operative in which a plate of soup costs one cent, a portion of beef six and veal seven cents.

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Heated throughout. Free carriage to all trains.

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Heated throughout. Fine Stabling.
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BARGAINS!

The readers of this paper are constantly upon the alert to ascertain where goods can be purchased at the lowest prices, and if a merchant does not advertise and keep the buyer conversant with his line of goods, how can he expect to sell them?

THINK OVER THIS!

THE CENTRE REPORTER.
S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, JUNE 9, 1904.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

The figures opposite your name on label of paper indicate the date to which your subscription is paid. When no date is given the date implied is July, 1900; when no month is given the month implied is July—thus: "00" means July, 1900; "01", means July, 1901; "04" means that your subscription is paid in advance to July, 1904. Other months than July are indicated by abbreviations.

When you pay your subscription always examine your label, and when a notice appears that corrections have been made, compare and report immediately if you have not been given proper credit. No receipts for subscription will be sent by mail unless by special request. The change of date on label ought to be sufficient evidence. Money by mail is reasonably safe. There have been no losses to this date.

Millheim.

Mrs. W. L. Goodhart, of Youngstown, Ohio, with her four interesting little children, arrived in town Friday of last week to visit her mother, Mrs. Jacob Gephart.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Spigelmyer went to Freeburg Saturday to spend several days with their daughter, Mrs. Charles Bassler.

The Musser House is getting a new roof.

Ex-Prothonotary W. F. Smith made a business trip to Bellefonte Monday.

Charles Auman, who about six years ago was a resident of Millheim, but is now located at Altoona, in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, is visiting his former home and other parts of the county, during his ten days' vacation.

E. I. Musser hooked a trout in Elk creek above town, which he declares was from twenty-six to twenty-eight inches long and weighed five or six pounds. But, of course, the latter was all guess work, as the trout did not have scales on its back.

S. M. Campbell expects to put down a new flagstone walk in front of his residence and store; the stones are at Coburn Station.

Miss Stella, daughter of Ira Brungart, of near Wolf's Store, who was attending the summer term of school in this place, which closed Friday, left for her home.

Mr. and Mrs. Sechrist, father and mother of townsman George Sechrist, who have been staying with the latter for several weeks, for the purpose of recuperating, left for their home in Lock Haven Tuesday.

Al. Bartges is rapidly getting the house formerly owned by Maria Weaver, on Penn Street, in a more commodious and beautiful shape. When finished there will be added to that street another desirable home.

Postmaster John Stuart, of State College, was a visitor in town on Saturday.

The horse sale of Gentzell and Beezer was well attended as usual. The horses sold averaged about $175.

Miss Carrie Miller, an employe at the home for the Friendless, at Williamsport, who had been here on a few weeks' visit to her mother, Mrs. J. A. Miller, left Saturday to take her place in the above named institution. Her mother and her little sister accompanied her as far as Beavertown, where they expect to visit the son of Mrs. Miller, Dr. Ed. Miller.

John Hardenberg, a student at the University of Pennsylvania, is home on a vacation.

J. C. Hosterman, W. H. Meyers and Joseph W. Reifsnyder were the delegates to the Democratic county convention from this borough.

Christ Beezer, the popular liveryman, of Bellefonte, attended the horse sale here Saturday.

Editor J. C. Hosterman, wife and daughter, and Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Hosterman spent Sunday at Coburn at the home of Wm. Hosterman.

Robert Miller left Monday for Centre Hall, where he will officiate in the tonsorial parlor of F. P. Geary for a week.

Dr. and Mrs. G. S. Frank departed Monday for Atlantic City.

Herb. Rishel, who is employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company as fireman on the road between Pittsburg and Altoona, arrived here Monday, accompanied by his family. He expects to spend a week visiting among relatives and friends.

Transfer of Real Estate.

William Garner, et. al., to Hannah Royer, April 12, 1904, land in Ferguson twp.—$3640.

Brant D. Robinson to Annie Long, April 20, 1904, lot in Philipsburg—$400.

N. B. Spangler, adm., to H. G. Strohmeier, May 9, 1904, lot in Centre Hall—$410.

Frances T. McEntire, et. al., to Dr. O. W. McEntire, April 26, 1904, lot in Howard—$100.

Emma T. Davis, et. bar., to Abraham L. Peters, April 12, 1904, house and lot in Philipsburg—$1700.

H. H. Young, et. ux., to Arthur Eckley, May 5, 1904, land in Benner twp.—$400.

Moses Thompson's exrs. to Ezra Smith, May 12, 1904, lots in State College—$342.

Wm. A. Lukens, et. ux., to Laura J. Friday, April 4, 1904, lot in Philipsburg—$2500.

Harris Township.

Wm. Sweet & Co. sold their entire stock of merchandise to R. B. Harrison and P. S. Ishler, who will begin the mercantile business in the Boal building.

The auditors met with the tax collectors and school directors for a final settlement in the school building at Boalsburg on Monday evening.

Hon. W. A. Murray and James Swabb attended the Democratic county convention at Bellefonte on Tuesday, as delegates from this township.

Prof. Gramley and his pupils will picnic in McFarlane's grove next Friday. All who desire to do so are invited to participate in the enjoyments of the day.

Prof. James Bryson and wife are visitors at the home of Mrs. Woods.

Prof. H. C. Rothrock and family, of Salona, are visiting here.

A little boy came to the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Hosterman on Monday and as he is making no effort to leave they will likely keep him.

Mrs. Sara Rankin has gone to Altoona for a few weeks.

Laurence Fox is assisting James Reed to build porches at his cottage.

Miss Winifred Wieland is enjoying this week in Lancaster county, seeing sights in the city, attending the commencement of Franklin and Marshall College, and visiting friends.

Mrs. Murray Leitzell and Mrs. Elmer Crissman and daughter Laura spent last Thursday at Locust Grove.

J. H. Meyer and William Cramer spent Sunday with the parents of the latter, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Cramer, at Rockview.

Ira Hess and J. B. Felty were visitors from the Mountain City last week.

Miss Bertha Gingerich did some shopping at State College Saturday.

Frank Mayes, a representative of the Houserville woolen mills was here gathering wool last week.

Messrs. Mothersbaugh and Fortney are getting around among the farmers with their hay baler.

S. E. Weber is attending to the business affairs of his brother, J. H. Weber, who is sick with typhoid fever at his home at Centre Hall.

Mrs. E. P. McIntire, of Altoona, spent Sunday in Boalsburg.

Mrs. Anna Kreamer and son James, of Altoona, are visiting here.

Woodward.

Mrs. Laura Showers, of Philadelphia, spent a day last week with her parents.

William, Fisher and Frank Motz were called home on account of the serious illness of their mother, Mrs. Miranda Motz.

Miss Minnie Winkleman, of Williamsport, a trained nurse, has charge of Mrs. Motz.

Mrs. Simon Showalter, a lady from Laurelton, is visiting her aged mother-in-law, Mrs. Anna Showalter.

Mrs. R. M. Wolfe is visiting friends at Centre Hall and Linden Hall. She will be accompanied home by her mother, Mrs. George Miller.

George Miller spent a day at Laurelton.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Gephart were to Millheim on Saturday.

Mrs. Ella Snyder and a lady from Glen Iron were seen in town Sunday and Monday.

Wilson P. Ard is visiting his brother, Joseph, at Lewisburg this week.

Chas. Sampsell, a young man from Union county, spent Saturday and Sunday in town.

Nittany Mountain.

Charley Pecht, of Hecla, spent several days with his best girl.

The aged mother of A. G. Noll, who lives in Jeannette, visited several days with Tone and other friends and relatives in Centre county. Mrs. Noll is over eighty years of age but to see her go around you would think she was in her teens.

George W. Noll, of Winburne, spent several days with his brother, Tone Noll and wife. George was married on the 20th of April to Miss Bertha Barr, of Winburne, who accompanied him on his visit home.

Miss Lou Parker, who had been spending several days with her brother Wm Parker, returned home, taking William's youngest daughter with her.

Mrs. Albert Gill, of Gilltown, visited her brother, Joseph Walker, on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Sprow were to Bellefonte Saturday.

John Carper, of Linden Hall, was out this way hunting seed corn last week.

Jake Sprow loaded a car with paper wood for Noll Brothers Monday, and Tuesday.

Plum Grove.

Philip Auman spent Sunday with friends at Poe Valley.

W. H. Swartz visited with his brothers at Madisonburg on Sunday.

Mrs. Peter Smith, who for the past few months has been seriously ill, is improving.

Mr. and Mrs. Hoover Dalby visited with the former's mother at Reedsville.

Wm. Kern spent Sunday at the home of W. H. Swartz.

Charley Shauver is staying with his sister, Mrs. Rudy Gingerich.

DEATHS.

JOHN F. BREON.

The death of John F. Breon occurred at his home in Spring Mills Monday of this week, after an illness since December of last year from cancer of the stomach, at the age of sixty some years. Interment this (Thursday) forenoon.

For many years Mr. Breon was prominently connected with the Lutheran church, and lived a life consistent with his official standing in that body.

The deceased is survived by a widow, and the following children: Willis Breon, Salona; Annie, wife of H. B. Frankenberger, Millheim; Robert Breon, Mill Hall; Sarah, wife of Henry Hettinger, Altoona; Ida, wife of Oscar Homan, east of Centre Hall; John Breon, Altoona; Flora, wife of Harry E. Fye, Centre Hall.

DANIEL P. IRVIN.

Daniel P. Irvin died at his home in Julian, Saturday evening, in the eighty-sixth year of his age. Interment took place Tuesday afternoon, Rev. Berger, of Petersburg, officiating.

Daniel Pontius Irvin was born in Union county, and was a son of John Irvin of Revolutionary fame. He was one of the leading business men of Julian, and was prominent in the local affairs of the Democratic party.

The surviving children are, William U., a prominent physician of Unionville; Edwin P. and Louis C., well known merchants, of Bellefonte; Mrs. J. Howard Turner, of Julian; Charles A., and Alfred T., also of Bellefonte.

MRS. MARY GESSTING.

Mrs. Mary Gessting died Saturday evening at the home of John Keen, in Penn twp. She is survived by two sisters and three brothers: Mrs. John Keen, Mrs. Peter Confer, John Breon, Jacob Breon, and Benjamin Breon. Funeral services were held Tuesday morning. Interment at the Cross church cemetery in Georges Valley. Rev. Bair officiated.

A. A. MILLER.

A. A. Miller, who had been ill for the last year and a half, died Monday morning at his home in Millheim, aged fifty-four years. He is survived by his wife and two daughters, also four sisters and two brothers. Funeral services were held Wednesday forenoon, interment in the Union cemetery, Rev. G. W. McIlnay officiating.

MRS. JAMES FOX.

Mrs. James Fox, of Axe Mann, died at the Bellefonte hospital Tuesday afternoon of brain fever. Her age was twenty years. The deceased's maiden name was Gertrude L. Showers, daughter of Daniel and Carrie Showers.

LEWIS AIKEY.

Lewis Aikey, a well known resident of Snow Shoe Intersection, died Sunday morning. He was born in Union county, about sixty-one years ago.

Colyer.

Mrs. Arthur Slutterbeck and children, and Roy Swartz spent Sunday at the home of Wm. Minnick, at Nittany Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Jonas G. Boal, of Potters Mills, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Boal.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. A. McClellan and children, of Youngstown, Pa., are spending some time with their friends and relatives at this place.

Mrs. Adam Grenoble, of Penn Hall, is spending some time with her daughter, Mrs. J. H. Moyer.

Miss Myrtle Fleisher returned to her home in Mifflinburg, after spending some time with friends and relatives at this place.

Wm. Ferry, of York, is spending some time as the guest of his brother-in-law, J. R. Lee, of this place.

Among the sick are Mrs. G. R. Meiss, from quinsy; Emily, daughter of Emmet Jordan, and two children of Charles Bodtorf, from measles; also James Runkle.

Miss Sudie Bodtorf left last week for State College where she will be employed in the bakery conducted by Chas. Sheesley.

Mrs. Francis Colyer spent a few days as the guest of her son, Reuben Colyer, of Potters Mills.

Always calling names—the train announcer.

Even trousers recognize the power of the press.

Stealing a pet dog is not the only kind of larceny.

The May statement of the public debt shows that the reduction of the interest bearing debt for the month was ten dollars. While Secretary Shaw is not giving much attention to the reduction of the public debt, he has been quite busy the past month deducting the withdrawal from the treasury and the exportation from the country of over $60,000,000 of gold and it should be positively understood that this vast sum is not sent abroad in payment of goods purchased by merchants, but it is sent in payment of the right to build the Panama Canal, the completion and opperation of which will cost $200,000,000.

Marriage Licenses.

Claude C. Adams, Philipsburg.
Della Pearce, Philipsburg.
Charles E. Tfoutz, Sandy Ridge.
Rose Kainly, Sandy Ridge.
Frank E. Daley, Romola.
Florence B. Olyer, Howard.
James H. Parsons, Fleming.
Stella M. Stover, Fleming.
Claes Laisan, Altoona.
Anna Karlsan, Altoona.
Harry I. Yearick, Nittany.
Annie L. Daley, Romola.
G. Clayton Stine, Wilkinsburg.
Eva Beck, Warriors Mark.
S. Lundy Lucas, Fleming.
Caroline M. Eckenroth, Fleming.
John H. Houser, Bellefonte.
Margaret L. McMahon, Bellefonte.
Abraham M. Bailey, Stormstown.
Margaret Symmond, Pleasant Gap.
Frank S. Shunkwiler, Philipsburg.
Rubie M. Leonard, Philipsburg.

"A Black Revenge"

By Florence Warden, author of "The Secret of Princess Paul," "The House on the Marsh," etc., is a thrilling story which will begin in The Pittsburg Sunday Dispatch June 12 It is full of exciting situations, mingled with pretty love scenes. Miss Warden is one of the best known of England's popular novelists, and her latest production is considered her masterpiece.

Negligee shirts at Kreamer & Son.

WHAT HE KNOWS.

The Results of Mr. J. D. Murray's Observations.

Mr. Murray knows that if you are easily tired, if you sleep badly, if you are nervous, if you are easily exhausted, if you have lost your appetite, if you are weak, either constitutionally or as a result of recent sickness, Vin-te-na will put you on your feet. So well does Mr. Murray know Vin-te-na will help you and bring you back to your former good health, that he asks you to test it at his risk, and will promptly repay you if you are not satisfied with the results. Get a bottle today.

PUBLIC SCHOOL FINANCIAL STATEMENT—For Centre Hall Borough for the year ending June 6, 1904.

Whole number of schools	4
Number of teachers	4
Pupils enrolled	125
Average daily attendance	95
Taxes levied for school purposes	$ 927 20

TREASURER'S ACCOUNT—MONEY RECEIVED

Balance on hand from last year	$ 16 81
State Appropriation	625 48
From Collector, taxes of all kinds	846 47
From Collector Sandoe, 1902	57 47
From Potter twp., $169.50; private tuition $41.51	211 01
Total Receipts	$1757 24

TREAS'. ACCOUNT—MONEY PAID OUT.

Teachers' Wages	$1153 00
Paid Teachers for attending Institute	40 25
For rent and repairs	60 55
For fuel	115 99
Fees of Collectors, $30.64. Treasurer, $22.39	52 39
Salary of Secretary, making duplicate, postage, etc	25 00
Auditors' fees	6 00
For text books	74 89
For supplies	22 05
Insurance, $20.34; Incidentals, $44.38; Janitor, including scrubbing, $55.25; Exonerations, $7.90	121 76
Total Money Paid Out	$1651 88

RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES.

Cash on Hand	$105 36
Amount due for tuition	30 78

We hereby certify that we have examined the above and find it correct.

THOS. L. MOORE,
S. S. KHEAMER,
C. D. BARTHOLOMEW,
Auditors.

Witness our hand this 6th day of June, 1904.

D. A. BOOZER, President.
S. W. SMITH, Secretary.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE—LETTERS TESTAMENTARY on the estate of John W. Shook, late of Gregg township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned she would respectfully request any persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. [Mrs.] C. C. SHOOK, Executrix.
April 14. Spring Mills, Pa.

ALFALFA Will grow anywhere if the conditions are made right, and give from 40 to 50 dollars worth of Protein to the acre. Absence of the proper soil bacteria is the most common difficulty, and is easily overcome by using 300 to 600 lbs. of impregnated soil to the acre, at or after seeding. I can furnish soil from a fifteen year old field that gave over 4 tons of hay to the acre last year, and where the bacteria is very abundant. Send for prices.

F. E. DAWLEY,
Route 100. Fayetteville, N. Y.

A. B. LEE

TUSSEYVILLE, PA.

If you are in need of a . .

BUGGY
CARRIAGE
ROAD WAGON

or any road vehicle, you can secure one from me. I have constantly on hand the product of the . .

Hoop Carriage Co.

MIFFLINBURG
—the very name guarantees the work.

FULL LINE OF

...Adriance & Platt... Farm Machinery

Chain and cog-gear Mowers and Binders. These machines have stood the test for 48 years. The machines are fully equipped with ball bearings and rollers.

Ayer's

Sometimes the hair is not properly nourished. It suffers for food, starves. Then it falls out, turns prematurely gray. Ayer's Hair Vigor is a

Hair Vigor

hair food. It feeds, nourishes. The hair stops falling, grows long and heavy, and all dandruff disappears.

"My hair was coming out terribly. I was almost afraid to comb it. But Ayer's Hair Vigor promptly stopped the falling, and also restored the natural color."
MRS. E. G. K. WARD, Lansing, N. J.

$1.00 a bottle. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.
All druggists.

for

Poor Hair

OVER 67 MILLIONS

Represented in the

FREDERICK K. FOSTER AGENCY

WITH FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES ALONE.....

The Largest and Best

Accident Ins. Companies

Bonds of Every Description Plate Glass Insurance at low rates.

Also, District Agent for . . .

The Manhattan Life Insurance Co.

We are
Now Ready
To Serve You
With Our

Spring Styles

Prices to suit everybody.

Pleased to show goods.

P. V. S. STORE.

Goods exchanged for Produce. . . .

C. A. KRAPE.

Spring Mills, Pa.

WANTED—A girl or widow between 20 and 40 years old, preferably with no children, to do general housework. For further particulars, write to
MRS. CARRIE HECKART, *nee* TIBBENS,
258 East College St.,
May 26. 4t Canonsburg, Pa.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE—LETTERS TESTAMENTARY on the estate of Matilda Strouse, late of Gregg township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned they would respectfully request any persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. CHAS. E. STROUSE, Zion,
CYRUS H. STROUSE,
Spring Mills, Executors.
J. C. Meyer, Att'y, Bellefonte. April 14.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has made application to the department of Internal Affairs at Harrisburg for ten (10) acres of unimproved vacant land situate in Gregg township, Centre county, Pa., adjoining lands claimed by Susan Musser on the east, Susan Musser, J. C. Rossman, Ida Vonada, et al., on the south, John Kern's heirs, on the west, and Meitzell & Co., on the north.

J. C. ROSSMAN.

WANTED—

Good reliable men to sell our high grade home-grown and imported Nursery stock. We pay good wages and give steady work. We have fast selling specialties that you can do well with. Write at once and secure choice territory. Apply
PROTECTIVE NURSERIES.
Geneva, N. Y.

H. F. ROSSMAN

SPRING MILLS PA. . . . . .

Summer Dress Goods

The best line of Summer Dress Goods ever seen in our store.

CALL TO SEE US.

GARMAN'S STORE

Cash Rods, 5 to 10c each.
Sottage Rods, 10 to 20c each.
Regular Curtain Poles, 20c up.
Scrim, 5 to 10c.
Regular Sash Curtains, 25c pr
Mattings, 12 1-2 to 35c yd.
Curtain Loops, 5 to 15c pr.

All the Late Styles in . . .

DRESS GOODS

Ready-made . . . . .
SHEETS
BOLSTERS
PILLOW CASES

OIL CLOTH & LINOLEUM

Pull Down Blinds, 9 to 50c.
Wagons, Wheelbarrows
Go Carts, Velocipedes
Garden Sets, 10 to 25c.

Bargains in all Departments.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philad. & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Ry.

Time Table in Effect May 29, 1904.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON, EASTWARD.

7.38 A. M.—Train 64. Week days for Sunbury, Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 11.48 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Baltimore 12.15 p. m., Washington 1.20 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.22 A. M.—Train 30. Daily for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Scranton, Hazelton, and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.28 P. M.—Train 12. Week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.23 p. m., New York, 9.30 p. m., Baltimore, 6.00 p. m., Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

4.45 P. M.—Train 22. Week days for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.47 p. m., New York 3.53 a. m., Baltimore 9.48 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.10 P. M.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg, and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.23 a. m., New York at 7.13 a. m., Baltimore, 2.20 a. m., Washington, 3.30 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleepers undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

WESTWARD.

5.33 A. M.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleeper to Philadelphia.

10.00 A. M.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and week days for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 P. M.—Train 61. Week days for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Philadelphia.

5.36 P. M.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

10.07 P. M.—Train 67. Week days for Williamsport and intermediate stations. Through Parlor Car and Passenger Coach for Philadelphia.

9.10 P. M.—Train 921. Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.
Week Days.

WESTWARD. P.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	A.M.	EASTWARD. A.M.	P.M.
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 15		4 35
1 48	6 50	Lewisburg	9 05		4 25
1 55	6 38	Biehl	8 58		4 19
2 00	6 42	Vicksburg	8 53		4 14
2 08	6 50	Mifflinburg	8 45		4 06
2 20	7 02	Millmont	8 33		3 54
2 28	7 09	Glen Iron	8 26		3 46
2 59	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00		3 19
3 10	7 50	Coburn	7 50		3 10
3 16	7 57	Zerby	7 43		3 02
3 26	8 05	Rising Springs	7 35		2 54
3 32	8 11	Penn Cave	7 28		2 48
3 38	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22		2 41
3 45	8 24	Gregg	7 17		2 36
3 52	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10		2 30
3 56	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06		2 25
4 00	8 39	Lemont	7 02		2 21
4 04	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57		2 17
4 13	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48		2 08
4 16	8 55	Axemann	6 45		2 05
4 20	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40		2 00

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a. m., 7.25 a. m. 9.45 a. m., 1.15, 5.25 and 7.55 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.27 a. m. 10.03 a. m., 4.50, 5.46 p. m. and 8.12 p. m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.23 and 10.01 a. m. and 4.46 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.25 a. m., 10.03 a. m. and 4.48 p. m.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager
J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Pass'ger Agt.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Week Days.

EASTWARD. 12	8	2	STATIONS.	1	WESTWARD 7	11
P.M.	P. M	A M	Ar. - Lv.	A M	A M	P M
6 30	1 10	8 45	....Bellefonte....	6 30	10 30	4 21
6 20	1 02	8 40	.....Coleville.....	6 37	10 37	4 26
6 16	12 58	8 37	.....Morris.....	6 40	10 42	4 30
6 10	12 54	8 35	.....Whitmer.....	6 44	10 47	4 36
6 05	12 49	8 31	.....Hunters.....	6 50	10 53	4 38
6 02	12 46	8 28	.....Fillmore.....	6 53	10 56	4 42
5 57	12 41	8 24	.....Brally.....	7 00	11 02	4 47
5 53	12 37	8 20	.....Waddle.....	7 05	11 05	4 52
5 50	12 35	8 18	Scotia Crossing	7 08	11 08	4 54
5 36	12 26	8 07	....Krumrine....	7 17	11 20	5 03
5 33	12 24	8 04	.....Struble.....	7 20	11 24	5 00
5 31	12 22	8 02	.....Inn.....	7 26	11 28	5 08
5 30	12 20	8 00	...State College..	7 30	11 30	5 10

Morning trains from Montandon, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 7 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg and Tyrone connect with Train No. 11 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penn'a R. R. trains at Bellefonte.

F. H. THOMAS, Superintendent.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table. Week Days.

Read Down. No. 1	No3	No5	Nov. 24, 1902. Lv.	Ar.	Read Up. No6	No4	No2
A.M.	P M	P M			P M	P M	A M
7 00	2 40	6 45	BELLEFONTE		9 25	5 15	9 35
7 11	2 51	6 56	Nigh		9 12	5 02	9 22
7 16	2 56	7 01	Zion		9 06	4 56	9 16
7 23	3 03	7 07	Hecla Park		9 00	4 50	9 10
7 25	3 05	7 09	Dunkles		8 58	4 48	9 07
7 29	3 09	7 13	HUBLERSBURG		8 54	4 44	9 03
7 33	3 13	7 17	Snydertown		8 50	4 40	8 59
7 35	3 15	7 19	Nittany		8 47	4 37	8 56
7 37	3 17	7 21	Huston		8 44	4 34	8 53
7 41	3 21	7 25	LAMAR		8 41	4 31	8 50
7 43	3 23	7 27	Clintondale		8 38	4 28	8 47
7 47	3 27	7 31	Krider's Spring		8 33	4 23	8 43
7 51	3 31	7 35	Mackeyville		8 23	4 18	8 38
7 57	3 37	7 41	Cedar Springs		8 22	4 12	8 32
8 00	3 40	7 44	Salona		8 20	4 10	8 30
8 05	3 45	7 50	MILL HALL		8 15	4 05	8 25
11 45		8 40		Jersey Shore	3 22		7 40
12 20		9 10	Arr.	W'msport Lve	2 50		7 10
12 29		11 30	Lve.	W'msport Arr.	2 30		
			(Philad. & Reading Ry.)				
7 30		6 50		PHILA	3 36		11 96
10 40		9 02		NEW YORK	4 25		7 35
			(Via Philad.)				
10 40				Ar New York Lv	4 00		
			(Via Tamaqua)				
P. M.		P. M.					

J. W. GEPHART,
General Superintendent.

Smith, the Photographer.

W. W. Smith, the photographer, will be in Centre Hall Friday, June 17.

GRAIN MARKET.

Rye	60	Wheat	1 00
Barley	50	Oats	40
		Corn	60

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Lard	08	Butter	12
Potatoes	1 15	Eggs	16

The fellow who tries to do his friends often finds himself undone.

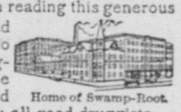
DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghampton, N. Y., on every bottle.

O. T. CORMAN

SPRING MILLS

Has just received a fine selection of Carpetings, comprising Tapestry, Brussels, Ingrain and Rag. All beautiful colorings and a superior grade. At prices from one-third to one-quarter less than is usually charged by other parties.

FLOOR COVERING

Linoleum, floor and table oil cloth, all new designs and bright colors; from 36 to 72 inches in width, selling at remarkably low figures.

STRAW and PANAMA Hats at One-Half Value

Straw, Panama and linen hats, all the latest spring and summer styles, selling at about half value.

Dress and White Goods at Money-Saving Prices

A line of splendid dress and white goods, just placed on the counters. These goods are very choice and desirable and must be seen to be appreciated, and the surprise is the money-saving prices.

Gingham, Prints and Muslin, all grades, also an endless variety of Notions. A full line of beautiful Embroideries, Ribbons and Insertions, at prices to astound you.

Spring and Summer Hosiery

Spring and summer Hosiery and Underwear for ladies and gentlemen at prices about one-third off.

Pants and Overalls

My stock of Pants and Overalls for Men, Boys and Youths is very complete and at all prices.

Just received an invoice of Ladies' Wrappers, new styles, well made and at low figures.

Curtain Poles and Stair Rods in brass and wood. Also a full line of Queensware and Glassware.

My grocery department is very complete and contains everything in that line necessary for family use.

Wanted, immediately, apples, potatoes, poultry and beef hides, and will pay cash or trade.

Be sure to examine my immense stock before purchasing elsewhere. No trouble to show goods.

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.

H. G. STROHMEIER,

CENTRE HALL, ... PENN.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in HIGH GRADE . . .

MONUMENTAL WORK

in all kinds of **Marble** AND **Granite.** Don't fail to get my prices.

GRANT HOOVER

Controls sixteen of the largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the world

The Best is the Cheapest.....

No mutuals; no assessments.

...Money to Loan on First Mortgage

Office in Crider's Stone Building,

Bellefonte, Pa.

Telephone connection.

THE STATE CAPITOL

Will be Lavishly Furnished, but Legislators Will Miss Gifts.—Special Designs for Furniture.

The new State Capitol will be equipped with special furniture, carpets, fittings and decorations to conform with the splendor and grandeur of the building.

Plans for nearly all the furnishings and decorations, the cost of which may exceed $1,000,000, have been prepared by Joseph M. Huston, of Philadelphia, architect of the Capitol. Bids will be opened by the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings June 7.

The board has omitted from the schedule fountain pens, penknives, fancy card cases, clothes and hair brushes and other articles of this kind, which were formerly bought for the use of members of the Legislature and State officials and employes.

The equipment includes specially designed furniture, fittings, furnishing and decoration of either woodwork, stone, marble, bronze, mosaic, glass and upholstery, at a maximum price of $20 a foot. The furniture will include designed sofas and seatings, either upholstered wood, metal or stone, at a cost of $15 a foot.

Besides these, there will be designed decorative exterior lights, which will cost not more than $15 each; mural and art painting, at cost of $50 a foot; decorating and painting, which will cost no more than $3 a foot; state chairs, $150 each; special desks and tables, $12 a foot, and English laid interlocked wood and rubber parquetry flooring, $1.50 a foot.

The modeling or sculptor decoration of the building will cost not more than $100 a foot. The maximum price fixed for the designed special-finished bronze-metal gas and electric fixtures is $225 each.

The hangings will include designed curtains, draperies and panels, Aubusson tapestry and silk brocade, silk trimmings, at a cost of not more than $40 a yard. The equipment will also include designed clock fittings or fixtures, the maximum cost of which is $150 each.

Among the other new furniture which will be provided for the Capitol are highly-polished roll-top desks, oak rotary chairs, quartered oak flat-top desks, letter-press stands, oak or mahogany finish; oak clothes trees, French plate mirrors, filing cabinets and cases for insect specimens.

Commencement at State.

The commencement exercises at Pennsylvania State College will open Sunday morning with the baccalaureate sermon by Dr. Colfelt.

Senatorship Unsettled.

The Republican party leaders as yet have been unable to settle who shall succeed Senator Quay. With the withdrawal of Oliver the Elkin faction has strengthened its hope.

LOCALS.

Lightning struck the steeple of the Spring Mills Lutheran church but did little damage.

The auditors' statement of the finances of the Centre Hall borough school board appears in this issue.

Rev. and Mrs. F. F. Christine, of Ohio, were arrivals in Centre Hall Wednesday, and are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Thomas L. Moore.

Holy Communion will be celebrated by the Rebersburg Lutheran congregation Sunday morning, June 12th, at ten o'clock; preparatory service Saturday at 2 p. m. Everybody is invited.

The Bellefonte school board was organized by re-electing its old officers, namely, president, A. C. Mingle; secretary, H. C. Quigley; treasurer, John P. Harris. June 27th was set as the time for electing teachers.

Potter School Report.

The auditors of Potter township, Messrs. George H. Emerick, John B. Fortney and H. F. Musser, and Town Clerk A. B. Lee met the Potter township school board in the Bank building to audit the school board's account for the year closing Monday, June 6th. Affixed is a brief statement of said account:

Whole number of schools	16
Number of teachers	16
Pupils enrolled	411
Average daily attendance	309
Taxes levied for school purposes	$ 3828 48

TREASURERS ACCOUNT—MONEY RECEIVED

State Appropriation	$ 2164 68
From Collector, taxes of all kinds	3847 52
From all other sources	1 50
Total Receipts	$6013 70

TREAS' ACCOUNT—MONEY PAID OUT.

Teachers' Wages	$3295 00
Paid Teachers for attending institute	99 30
Rent and repairs	103 11
For fuel	621 22
Collector's fees, $131.34. Treas. $54.32	54 32
Salary Sec, $75. Stationery, etc., $3.81	78 81
Auditors' fees	8 00
Debts Paid, $583.49. Interest paid $12.72	596 21
Text Books	315 00
Supplies	108 64
Tuition	207 02
Total money paid out	$5486 63

RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES.

Cash on hand	$527 07

An organization of the new board was effected by electing the following officers: President, P. B. Jordan; secretary, D. K. Keller; treasurer, W. W. McCormick. The other members are John Heckman, Wm. R. Neff, and Adam Heckman.

The retiring members are Messrs. W. H. Lucas and Daniel Daup, both of whom were actively and sincerely interested in school work for a number of years.

The rate of millage laid for school and building purposes was five mills.

LOCALS.

Miss Martha Farner, of Colyer, was a caller at this office Tuesday.

The fifty-fourth commencement of Bucknell University will be held at Lewisburg, June 17th to 22nd.

Mrs. W. A. McClellan and children, of Pleasant Unity, visited friends at Linden Hall and Tusseyville the past week.

M. L. Emerick is making preparations to build quite an extensive porch. This addition will greatly improve the Emerick residence.

Miss Myrtle Fleisher, who spent more than a year with her sister, Mrs. James Wagner, of Mifflinburg, returned to her home near Colyer.

Mrs. John Frazier, of near Centre Hall; Mrs. Foster Frazier, of near Tusseyville, and Mrs. Charles A. Miller, of Colyer, were in town Friday afternoon of last week.

There will be a meeting of the Hospital Aid Society at the home of Mrs. Mary Rearick, Monday evening, June 13th. A full attendance is desired as there is important business to transact.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Henney, and son Ralph, of Burnham, last week visited in Centre Hall. The former has permanent employment at that place and is well pleased with the work.

As a result of a visit made to Williamsport by Pure Food Agent R. M. Simmers, of the State department, eight butchers were arrested charged with using sulphite as a meat preservative. Each one was fined $50 and $15 costs.

Congressman Mahon was re-nominated in the seventeenth district. He was supported by the counties of Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata and Union. The counties of Snyder, Mifflin and Perry voted for Horace Culberson, of Lewistown.

Judge Parker already has 194 delegates instructed for him, and he is certain to get the votes of a good many uninstructed delegates. Mr. Hearst has only 89 delegates certain; he will get some more, but the tide is setting strongly in the direction of the New York Judge.

Wednesday afternoon of last week a party of bright boys and girls assembled at the home of Mrs. J. R. McClellan, of Tusseyville, in honor of the ninth birthday of her grandson, Robert Burchfield. The little folks had a pleasant time although refreshments could not be served on the lawn on account of the rainy weather. Those present were, William and Franklin Heckman, George and William Swartz, Ralph Runkle, and Edward Bohn, of Tusseyville; Ward Wagner, Mifflinburg; Verna and Sara Frantz, Esther, May and Bessie McClellan, Marion Burchfield, Tusseyville; Grace McClellan, Pleasant Unity

Prof. Young Not an Applicant.

Prof. J. A. Young is not an applicant for the principalship of the Centre Hall High School, which leaves the place open to a new man. The salary is $60.00.

History of Boalsburg.

Misses Margaret Mothersbaugh and Marion Fortney won the prizes offered by Theodore Davis Boal for the best two papers on the local history of Boalsburg. The prizes consisted of two scholarships in the Boalsburg select school under Prof. Ward S. Gramley. One of the papers, and possibly both, will be printed in the Reporter.

F. and M. Endowment $73,000.

At the annual meeting of the board of trustees of Franklin and Marshall College Professor E. M. Hartman, who canvassed the Reformed churches, reported that he had secured $73,000 in cash and pledges for the permanent endowment fund, which it is proposed to increase to a half million dollars. George F. Baer, of the Reading Railway, was re-elected president of the board.

LOCALS.

Samuel E. Weber, of Altoona, was home over Sunday, having come to see his father, John H. Weber. Mr. Weber is a special apprentice in the mechanical engineering department of the Altoona car shops.

William Scholl, living on the Harper farm below Centre Hall, has been unable to look after his farm work since the opening of spring. At times he is confined to bed, and at other times he is able to walk about. The ailment, apparently, is rheumatism.

It is with regret that the Reporter announces the illness of John H. Weber, of this place, who for the past week has been a sufferer from typhoid fever. The sickness no doubt was contracted while staying at the home of his brother, in whose family the disease had been during the past year. At this writing (Wednesday) Mr. Weber is resting well.

Sunday a jolly crowd composed of Misses Rebecca Heckman, Della Heckman, Jennie Brown, Edna Mallory, Julia Lamb, accompanied by Will Brown as an escort, drove to Spring Mills where they partook of a sumptuous supper prepared by Mr. and Mrs. Robert Smith at their beautiful home at the above mentioned place. They arrived home about midnight.—Bellefonte Daily News. On reaching Centre Hall this party found itself drenched to the skin, having been overtaken by a brisk shower of rain. The kindness of Mrs. H. W. Kreamer enabled the young ladies to dry their belongings by the side of a hot range, and later proceed, in good spirits, on their pleasure trip.

Mr. John M. Bullock is ready to take your measure for that . . .

New Spring Suit OR Pair of Trousers

Did you see our display of Suitings and Trouserings in our North window? So many neat styles for the quiet dresser. Merchant Tailoring has never been so reasonable, so up-to-date, as now. Call in and see John and he "will do the rest."

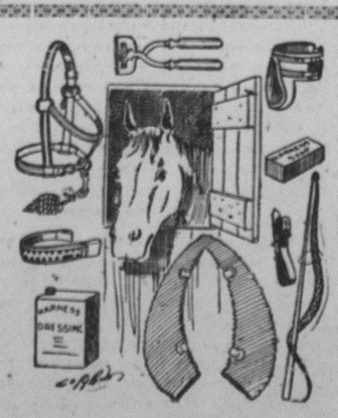
Ready-to-Wear Clothing

Is in great demand, also . . . . . .

We can fit you and fit your pocket-book. Look at our Top Coats and Rain Coats and Nobby Spring Suits, Neckwear, Hosiery, Shirts, Etc.

MONTGOMERY & CO.

BELLEFONTE, PA.



JUST A COMMON HORSE

Will do lots of work
IF HIS HARNESS FITS,
But the best animal on earth
Can't do himself nor you
Justice if it does not. . . . .

Double or Single Harness for Farm, Delivery or Road Wagon. Buggy Harness is a specialty of ours. This ad. will entitle you to 10 per cent. cash discount on Harness purchased.

McCALMONT & CO.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

THE THING TO DO

THE THING TO DO
Is to look over our stock of Spring Goods in all the lines. The Ladies will find sewing material, and the Men will be interested in other lines.

OVERALLS and PLOW SHOES

GROCERIES

WE KEEP THE CHOICEST GROCERIES TO BE HAD . . .

KREAMER & SON.

HORSE GOODS

This week I will tell you about Horse Goods.

I have something to blow about. A set of Single Harness at $11.75, that is hard to beat. You must see it to realize how cheap it is.

Buggy and Team Nets, not the cheapest on the market, but best goods, cheap. White Cotton Ear Nets, Heavy Collars and Hames, Sweat Pads, Whips—(Full Rawhide at 25c), Lap Robes, Tie Ropes, Halters, Curry Combs, Horse and Cattle Cards, Mane Combs, Hame Straps, Snaps, Buckles, Rings.

If you don't see what you want in this line, ask for it, I may have it.

C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville, Pa.

C. P. LONG, SPRING MILLS

When are you coming to OUR STORE To get your good share of SPECIAL BARGAINS?

GRANITE WATER PAILS
" TEA KETTLES
" BOILERS
" COFFEE & TEA KETTLES
} **19c.**

DISHES OF THE BEST ASSORTMENT PRICES RIGHT.

Dry Goods and Notions

We have THE stock of Dry Goods and Notions at prices so low that you cannot help but buy them. . . . . .

Up to Date Furniture

Come to see our Up-to-Date Furniture at special low prices. Bed Room Suits, Couches, Dining Room Chairs, Rockers, Beds, Mattresses, Springs, Wall Paper.

CENTRE TABLES	75c to $2.50
BED SPRINGS	1.95
MATTRESSES	ALL PRICES

RANGES & COOK STOVES

It will be to your interest to visit this store where you will find the largest stock of goods in Penn's Valley, and get our prices.

C. P. LONG, SPRING MILLS

C. P. LONG

C. P. LONG

Ayer's Pills Ayer's Pills. Ayer's Pills. Ayer's Pills. Keep saying this over and over again. The best laxative. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use **BUCKINGHAM'S DYE** FIFTY CTS. OF DRUGGISTS OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

Build up your Health and Strength

with JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE.

A pleasant, potent and permanent invigorator for WOMEN, CHILDREN and MEN.

FARM AND GARDEN

GAPES IN CHICKENS.

There are so many remedies recommended for gapes in chickens, and all of them said to be effective, that it looks as if there is no need of chickens dying of the gape worm. All agree that the immediate cause of gapes is small worms that collect in the chicken's throat, but as to what causes this worm, or how it is propagated from year to year, are questions that are the foundation of about as many theories as there are remedies. Some attribute the gape worm to chicken lice, others to allowing chickens free access to old chip yards. The first theory seems unreasonable, except that the lice will weaken the vitality of the chicken so that it is not as able to overcome the gapes as it would if it had no lice. As to the second theory, I will say that our chickens have free access to the oldest chip yard in this part of the country and we are about the only ones that are not bothered with the gapes. Have we not reasonably good ground for aguing that old chip yards are a preventive for gapes?

No, it would rather indicate that the chip yard has nothing to do with gapes. I had so many inquiries about the cause and remedy for gapes in chickens, some time ago, that I went to some trouble to get views of the authorities at several Experiment Stations. From the replies I learned that it was generally accepted that the gape worm lived over winter as a parasite of the angle worm, and that when a poultry yard once got infested, about the only practical remedy was to remove the poultry to fresh ground. The chickens get the worms by eating the angle worms. If a farm never gets the gape worm started in the ground, of course there will not be any gapes, no matter how old the chip yard is; but if the gape worms once get a start there will be gapes whether there is a chip yard or not. The gape worm will not stop to consider whether his host is lousy or not, nor he does not seem to care who is made to bear the responsibility for his ravages. The only thing that he seems to care for is to be allowed to go on undisturbed in his course of destruction.—A. J. Legg, in the Epitomist.

FARM NOTES.

An overfed fowl is never a well fed one.

The pullets should be doing good work now.

Saturday should be general cleaning up day.

It is safest to keep a lock on the hen house door.

Ducks and chickens should not occupy the same houses and yards; they do not mix well.

Remember the box of fine gravel for the hens before the winter days come on. After it gets so that the hens cannot get it themselves they must depend upon you for it, and if you fail, the hens fail too, and that means a lighter pocketbook.

While ewes are lambing, the persons who care for them should be among them almost constantly night and day to prevent accidents and to help weak lambs. They should be looked over at least twice during the night until all the ewes have had their lambs and they are strong and able to look out for themselves.

Keep the feeding racks clean. Sheep will almost starve before they will eat hay that has been trodden on. They must be fed well and carefully to keep up the flow of milk.

If any lambs do not thrive properly, brace them up with cow's milk from a bottle with a rubber nipple.

Milk regularly twice a day. If a cow does not have a sufficient amount of milk to warrant this, let her go dry.

Be sure your setting hens are free from lice.

The best cure for an egg eating hen is the axe.

Sheep, to thrive well, must be kept from all storms.

Often meadows a year or two old fail to show good seeding, owing to light growth after first laying down. Splendid returns will come from sowing a little seed each fall on such places. I have tried it and had the satisfaction of seeing meadows thus treated grow better and better for a number of years.—E. L. V., in the Epitomist.

WEEDS AND GRASS.

Let the garden vegetables be attended to at once. Tomatoes are one of the choicest of our vegetables, and they should be out as early as they can stand it, if early ones are needed. Melons require a light, sandy soil, but it should be rich. If manure is used on them, avoid that which has not undergone the process of heating. If possible, a manure that has been made from composted materials should be used in their cultivation, for too much green stuff tends more to vine than fruit. Let the cultivator and hoe be kept going at all times during May. Keep down the grass where it is not wanted, for if it gets the start it will entail a much greater task hereafter than at first. Grass is a tyrant when it gets the mastery, and if not desired in a certain location becomes a nuisance. Kill the weeds wherever you see them. This can be done by letting the seeds of weeds sprout and then turn them under. It is the surest method known of getting rid of them Force everything now. May is the month of work, and every farmer has his hands full just at this time. By giving all growing crops a vigorous start, and keeping them up to the growing capacity of each, it will do much to assist them in withstanding the drought which may occur, and often does, to a certain degree, during the succeeding months, as there is a great development of roots, and a plant with a full quota of roots and rootlets is able to pass through an unfavorable season where a weaker one would be sure to perish.

SILOS FOR CATTLE.

Silos and ensilage have by common consent been attached to large farms, many persons supposing that silos are troublesome to construct, as well as expensive. Really, a silo is nothing more than an air tight chamber, within which is stored any kind of green vegetable matter that the farmer may think best for feeding to his stock in winter, but fodder corn is principally used because a large quantity of that material can be more easily grown than anything else. The term "ensilage" applies to the contents of the silo (storehouse), and is simply preserved green food. On many large farms there are silos of the very best in construction, and as perfect for the purposes intended as it is possible to make them. The green material is first prepared by being pressed through ensilage cutters, which cut it into very short lengths—the shorter the better—in order that it may be completely and compactly packed in the silo. The packing is done by pressure, and when the silo is filled the presure is retained in any manner most feasible, on some farms heavy weights and stones being used for that purpose. Despite any attempts to prevent such, there is a slight decomposition of the ensilage during the time of its storage, lactic, acetic and carbonic acids being generated, and if there is much excess of oxygen even alcohol is formed, but none of the acids are produced in sufficient quantity to injure the ensilage, and a few persons assert that the preservation of the ensilage is partially due to alcohol The true cause is probably a lack of oxygen, which prevents fermentation, as the heavy pressure seals the silo against the admission of air and moisture. At the present time silos have been improved, and are sold to farmers ready made and easily put up for immediate use.—Philadelphia Record.

ENEMIES OF THE SQUASH.

The grayish black squash bug is difficult to manage. Gathering the eggs and the old bugs early in the spring is laborious but sure, if thoroughly done. The bugs will crawl on a piece of board laid among the vines, and may be gathered and caught. The use of poisons will do no good in the case of the bugs, as they do not eat the leaves, but pass their beaks through the outside of the leaf to suck the juices, and so will not consume any of the poison. In a series of experiments in the methods of preventing the attacks of the squash vine borer the preventives employed were Paris green at the rate of half a teaspoonful to two gallons, corncobs dipped in coal tar and a kerosene emulsion. The application of the Paris green and the kerosene was repeated after every hard rain until September; the cobs were dipped in coal tar again once in three weeks. All three of the applications seemed to be beneficial, with perhaps a little something in favor of the corncobs as being the cheapest and most convenient. The odor of the tar has no effect on the insects, but seems to repel the moth causing her to lay her eggs elsewhere —Philadelphia Record.

VALUE OF AN APPLE TREE.

I believe that it will not be generally disputed that a healthy bearing apple tree at ten years of age would be worth $25,, that the value of the fruit from this tree will in that time have equaled $15, says Western Experiment Report. This certainly would be a very liberal return from the one hundredth part of an acre, especially when we consider that under ordinary circumstances this tree will increase in value and productiveness for ten years longer at least. In planting an orchard, the location and site need to be well considered. In regard to location, it is yet a matter of doubt if many varieties of tree fruits, except native plums, will succeed in the extreme North. In all other localities there need be no hesitation for planting. In selecting a site an elevated spot should probably be given preference, as the flower buds are less apt to be destroyed by late spring frosts than on lower land.

A Dream That Led to Buried Gold.

Unable to resist the promptings of a second dream telling him where to dig for hidden treasure, John Stonebrunner of Springfield, Ohio, found on Saturday gold coin supposed to have been buried by the French near Beatty in 1745. Its value to collectors is estimated at $1,500. It will be exhibited in the Ohio Building at St. Louis. The coins bear dates of the eighteenth century.—Chicago Record

WOMAN'S WORLD

FASHIONS IN BEAUTY.

Is the type of beauty changing? Is delicacy of feature old-fashioned? And is it gradually becoming modish to have rather thick features, a complexion so fat as to approach the very reverse of the joy of life? Is fulness like a canker eating into our very tastes and affecting our appreciension of the beautiful?

I ask you all these questions because of a visit I paid not long ago to the studio of a fashionable protrait-painter. A few faces there were of the mignon type, sweet in expression and neat of nose. But all the most admired of modern women were very different indeed. There was a lady of the lyric stage whose features can be described only by the word flat. She is a Paris celebrity, but enchants music-hall London now and then with her particular form of art. There is no denying her charm. The difficulty lies in analyzing it. What kind of soul looks out from those apparently almost lifeless eyes? The stolidity of expression is almost inconceivable. The lips are like those of the women of ancient Egypt, large, thick, and yet with some vague, if sensuous, charm about them. The chin is solid, firm and masculine. One can imagine men obeying the owner of that chin. One could never picture her obeying any one. A smile would wonderfully transform the face. But it is not easy to imagine it curving into a smile.

Is this the coming type? It almost seems so. Such a woman as she whom I have been trying to sketch would never trouble herself to ask "Why?" about anything and her answer to every question would be "Because," a sufficient reason to any one who understood her.—London Tru"

TO REMEMBER.

Sleep nine hours.
Rest after luncheon.
Don't bathe when very tired.
Don't bathe soon after eating.
If thin, massage the face gently.
If too plump, a firm pressure is better.
Use some good cold cream with the massage.
A thorough cleansing should precede message.
Gentle, thorough hair brushing should be indulged in twice a day.
If hair brushes be cleansed daily and the scalp massaged the hair and head will keep clean much longer.
If in addition to scalp massage we give our hair a soft rubbing with the palms of our hands it will be much more silky.
The eating of fruit which is neither green nor over-ripe, combined with the drinking of plenty of pure water, is a great thing for anybody.
After disagreeable tasks the hands will not suffer if thoroughly cleansed (with acids if necessary), and then treated to cold cream and soft gloves.
Regularity in the taking of wholesome meals would do much toward beautifying some persons who never have time to conduct their affairs methodically.—Philadelphia Record.

PRINCESSES OF THE RED CROSS.

Women in Japan, from the highest to the lowest ranks, are taking an active hand in the work of the various war-time aid societies that are caring for the Mikado's soldiers in the field and in hospital. It is an interesting fact, says William Dinwiddie in Harper's Weekly, that all the Japanese princesses of royal blood are enlisted among the members of the Red Cross. Mr. Dinwiddie is one of the Weekly's special correspondents in the Far East, and he has had special opportunities for studying affairs in Japan. Speaking of the work of the royal members of the Red Cross, he tells of seeing, almost any day, a dozen princesses at work in the military hospital making bandages and lint. The president of the Ladies' Patriotic Society is no less a personage than Her Imperial Highness Princess Kanin.

REST FOR WEARY MOTHERS.

As the health of a nursing infant depends largely upon the health of the mother, it is very essential, as has been stated before, that no great strain, physical or mental, should be put upon her, and that she should have a certain amount of rest and mental diversion. To this end it is advisable, as early as possible, which means as soon as the baby is well started and gaining in weight, to give one bottle feeding of diluted cow's milk once in twenty-four hours. It is usually safe to commence this feeding at the end of a month, and it is best to give the milk quite diluted for the first two or three days, say, one part of milk to four parts of water, until the stomach becomes accustomed to the change of food.—Harper's Bazar.

GIRLS OF NEW ORLEANS.

Poets and lovers of New Orleans will tell you that the girl of the Southern city gets her pale, creamy complexion from the magnolias that bloom in such profusion; her grace and languid ease of motion from the thousands of waving palms; the dusk of her eyes and hair from the wondrous tropical beauty of the Southern nights; her voice from the whispering of the zephyrs and the changeful song of the mocking bird. Much of her health, says a writer in the National Magazine, is undoubtedly owing to the fruit she eats; oranges like globes of greenish or russet gold into whose flavor has entered the perfume of the most delicious flowers in the fruit world, figs which are flowers, purple without, rosy within, "watermelon" whose cool colors are as refreshing on a summer day as the draught that comes from its crimson heart.

TELLTALE GRAINS OF RICE.

Here is a lesson that all persons who make pretensions should take to heart. A woman who was invited to a fashionable wedding did not think her two spring hats quite good enough to cope with the Paris creations that would prevail. So the undaunted woman called at a milliner's and selected a costly affair of lace, which she had charged to her account. Of course her idea was to wear it to the wedding and returned it the next day. Her hat was vastly admired. She glibly said it cost a mere $50," and enjoyed the effect the price produced on her friends. Unfortunately she got in the way of the shower of rice that was hurled at the happy couple. The next day she returned the "hat-on-credit." The day following she was asked to call on the milliner, and was confronted with the question. "Didn't you wear this unsatisfactory hat at a wedding yesterday?" The unhappy woman denied it, but finally broke down. "How did you know?" she gasped. "Well," the milliner replied, "we found several grains of rice in the folds of lace."—New York Press.

FASHION NOTES.

The 1830 or French blouse is the latest idea in black taffeta coats.

Panama cloth is a well-liked stuff for the separate skirt.

While shirrings are very fashionable they are not so effective for wash materials as for wool or silk.

A new notion is to stitch down the up and down tucks of a skirt around the hips with horizontal rows of machine stitching to the depth of a hip yoke.

While pronounced color contrasts are not in favor in this season's gowns excellent effects are produced by just a touch of a contrasting tint.

Some of the newest skirts are cut circular and then lined to retain their shape.

A small collar finishes the neck of many fashionable jackets.

High turnover linen collars, hand-embroidered in English effect, held together by gold links, and finished with a soft tie of chiffon velvet, tulle or coarse woven silk, are very much worn with separate waists, even with those of silk mull.

Soft messaline ribbon plaitings are among the newest trimmings.

Chiffon voiles are accorded first place.

The colored linen gown is to be in great favor for midsummer vogue, in fastest shades, like pale green, blue mauve and yellow.

The so-much-talked-of "religious plaita," or "men's folds," are simply very wide tucks.

Men Who Lasso Ships.

Writing of a trip over the Great Lakes in Harper's Magazine, Louise Morgan Sill tells of the lariat throwers, who are even more skilful than the Western cowboys.

"One of the most interesting persons connected with the lake traffic is a sort of brother to the landlubber cowboy," she writes. "He is practically the lariat thrower of these prairielike lakes, but he does not lasso cattle or anything so trivial. His game may be a wharf or an 8,000 ton freighter, and he never misses his cast. He makes no pretence to anything picturesque, and it is doubtful if he would care to be so described; but picturesque he is as he swings the rope in the air from the dock to vessel, or vice versa.

"He may be in trim sailor garb or merely clothed in the easy going garments of the man who wears them merely as a means of covering.

"The lariat thrower is of no particular nationality. He may be an American or Canadian, or Irish, or Swedish, or German, or almost anything; but after he has worked awhile on these vast inland waters the lakes put their stamp upon him and he becomes a lake man. He does his work with a certain calmness and ease, a philosophical mastery of things without excitement. If you talk with him you will find that he knows much more than he seems to know."

A Rag-Time Letter.

Monotonous as their life is, as a rule, the postal authorities in India have their exciting moments. We cull the following Babu letter from a contemporary:

"The Sub-Postmaster reports that last evening a mice came out from behind the office door, and after walking a little stammered and breathed its last in the presence of the Sub-Postmaster there. As these are the prognostics of plague, I beg you will kindly arrange to have the office disinfected at an early date."

Curious that the mouse should have stammered. Nervousness, probably.

A PRIMROSE BOWER.

The housewife who wishes simplicity, coolness and harmony to characterize a room in her country cottage might well follow the example of Whistler, who designed a room as an embodied protest against the over decorated furniture and apartments of a score of years ago.

His room was simplicity itself and the colors were those of the primrose He used every shade from the green leeves and the greeny-yellow stem up to the pale flower. The result was a spring bower as refreshing as a woodland dell after a sunlit plain.

LEMON HEALTH HINTS.

No family should be without lemons in the spring. Their uses, from a health standpoint alone, are very numerous.

A teaspoonful of lemon juice in a small cup of black coffee will relieve bilious headache.

Two or three slices of lemon in a cup of strong tea will cure a nervous headache.

Lemon juice is better than any drug or complexion powder for giving permanent clearness and beauty to the skin.

Lemon juice (outward application) will allay the irritation caused by the bites of insects.

A dash of lemon in plain water is an excellent tooth wash. It not only removes tartar, but sweetens the breath.

TACK AS YOU GO.

The economic value of a stitch in time is equaled by that of the tack placed promptly. A sweeping day seldom goes by that the edge of the carpet is not found loose or a shade on the verge of falling from its roller. It is some work to get the hammer and tacks and make repairs, but it pays.

After years of housekeeping experience one concludes that the housekeeper needs her own hammer about as much as her own toothbrush; but, unlike the brush, the hammer must be kept under lock and key. She must never loan it, even on the most urgent plea. A few cents will buy three kinds of tacks—the common carpet tack, double-pointed or straw matting tacks and very small ones for curtains.

Keep the outfit in a little box. Straw matting must be repaired at the first sign of decay, or it will go to ruin quickly. The stove zinc, if ragged edges are nailed down at once, will last a long time after it begins to wear.

Taken in time, household as well as physical ailments may be treated successfully and a long useful life will follow.

SILLY NEATNESS.

One hears so much nowadays about hygienic housekeeping and sanitary matters generally that it seems impossible that any woman who can read ordinary printed matter can fail to have some knowledge on this important question. But for all this it is certain that the woman whose housekeeping may be described as "nasty nice," and whose methods are of fifty years ago, has by no means died out of the land. She lingers here and there with her old-fashioned prejudices and preferences.

She prides herself, it may be, on the fact that every article of clothing of herself or children taken off at night is carefully folded, one piece upon the other, before she gets into bed. This is a piece of folly exacted by elders in past days—a remnant of old-fashioned early Victorian tidiness. Almost better the methods of the average man who flings one garment here and another there. At least they get some chance to ventilate. It is better still when clothes are separated and hung for the night near the open windows.

Then there is the woman who prides herself upon the face that her bed is never seen unmade; that before she goes down to breakfast it is immaculatly remade, with its French bolster and its starched "shams," and its interior, alas! still warm. It may be a radiant piece of furniture, but all the same it is a fusty, unhealthy sleeping place.

Then there is the housekeeper who goes out against dust as if she were a London policeman and dust a street gamin. She has but one idea—it must be "moved on," and so with a flapping cloth or that ridiculous household utensil, the feather duster, she stirs it up and whacks it from place to place, but never learns to gather it up into a soft duster and remove it to some place where it will not be rebreathed.

The care of clothes in a closet is another matter often mismanaged Every one knows how quickly a wardrobe grows fusty, and the happy day may come when architects will manage some method of ventiation for cupboards other than by occasionally leaving the doors wide open. In the meantime, if all clothes are perfectly cooled and aired before they are hung up, and if they are carried out from time to time and hung in the open air for a few hours, this difficulty will be very largely met.

The lives of women who keep the house will be simplified and sweetened when they all learn to "use their brains to save their bodies."—Youth's Companion.

Wireless telegraphy is in successful use between Port Limon, Costa Rico, and Bocas del Toro, Panama. A station will now be established at Colon

THE FISHERMAN.

I.
Settin' on a log
An' fishin',
An' watchin' the cork,
An' wishin'.
II.
Jus' settin' round home,
An' sighin',
Jus' settin' round home—
An' lyin'.
—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

KEEN.

"They were disappointed in love weren't they?"

"Yes. Each thought the other had money."—Life.

A DISCOVERY.

"I see they are finding microbes in oysters, Bridget," said the mistress.

"Is that so?" replied the domestic; "and here, all along, I've been a-takin 'em for pearls."

OVERHEARD ON THE STREET.

"Were you in United States Steel Pinkerton?"

"Yes."

"How much did you have?"

"About thirty gallons."—Life.

INSTALMENTS.

Yeast—He bought his automobile on the instalment plan.

Crimsonbeak—And the way he runs it, I expect to hear of him being taken to the hospital in the same way, some day."

AVOIDING A CRUSH.

Bacon—They say when that Mormon elder was married the last time he did not have his other wives present at the ceremony.

Egbert—No; it is said that he hates crowds.

A CHANCE TO MORALIZE.

"I heard a feler say dat he wasn't happy unless he was workin'," said Plodding Pete.

"Well," responded Meandering Mike "dat shows what a terrible t'ing it is t' git into habits."—Washington Star

SAW FIGHTING.

Church—That fellow tells some great stories about the war. Do you suppose he ever saw any fighting?

Gotham—Sure! He used to have charge of a moving picture machine which had nothing but war pictures in it.

TRUE LOVE.

Patience—Do you think people marry for true love always?

Patrice—Certainly I do. A man marries a girl for her money.

Patience—Yes.

Patrice—And he loves the money doesn't he?

Patience—Certainly.

Patrice—Well, that's true love, isn't

THE USUAL EXPERIENCE.

Mrs. Stayathome—I told my cook the other evening to go out and get things mixed for the cake I was going to make.

Mrs. Gadaboutsky—Did she do it?

Mrs. Stayathome—Yes, she had some things mixed all right.

Mrs. Gadaboutsky—What were they?

Mrs. Stayathome—My instructions —Baltimore American.

SHE KNEW THE TOWN.

"Oh! Mr. Gallaunt," cried Miss Pumpleigh, "can you guess what my weight is?"

"Let me see," replied Mr. Gallaunt, preparing to deliver a graceful compliment, "of course we'll have to use Troy weight for such a preci——"

"Don't be funny! I know what kind of a jay place Troy is."—Philadelphia Press.

AN EXCEPTIONAL MAN.

Hicks—Conscientious, is he?

Wicks—I should say so. Why, he went out the other day, and left a sign on his office door that he'd be "back in half an hour," and, hang me, if he didn't keep his word!—Philadelphia Ledger.

THE WORST OF IT.

"Life is full of trials," said the melancholy citizen.

"Yes," answered Mr. Grafton Grabb; "and the worst of it is that a whole lot of the trials are resulting in convictions."—Washington Star.

AS EACH VIEWED IT.

"He isn't in our social set any more."

"So I understand."

"Yes, he dropped out some time ago."

"Why, he gave me to understand he had climbed out."—Philadelphia Press.

POOR PROSPECT.

The X-ray operator makes an excuse to call his assistant into a room away from the patient upon whom the assistant is operating.

"Say," observes the chief, "you'll never do for this business."

"Why?"

"Can't you see that that patient only has two dollars in small change in his clothes, when our regular fee is twenty?"—Life.

THE KEYSTONE STATE

Latest News of Pennsylvania Told in Short Order.

Work on the Wabash Station and trainshed in Pittsburg was stopped by a strike of bricklayers. The contractors, the George A. Fuller Company, sublet the contract for pointing and cleaning the building to a non-union contractor who was employing laborers to do this class of work. The Fuller Company was notified that the pointing and cleaning of the buildings properly belonged to members of the bricklayers' organization, but this did not have the desired effect and a strike was ordered.

The Funeral Directors' Association of Pennsylvania, in annual convention elected the following officers: President, F. C. Benhauer, Pittsburg; vice-presidents, A. C. Hookey, Philadelphia; William D. Sample, Sharon; Joseph S. Rice, Newcastle; secretary, George Chandler Paul, Philadelphia; treasurer, Jacob S. Fisher, Philadelphia; delegates to national conventon. George Chandler Paul, Philadelphia; S. G. Samson, Pittsburg; A. C. Hookey, Philadelpha; E. S. Lawrie, Allegheny, and Joseph Stephens, Altoona. Philadelphia was selected as the next place of meeting.

Pierce B. Pontius, a telegraph operator on the Schuylkill divison of the Pennsylvania Railroa, applied for leave of absence ten days ago and went to Chicago on a pleasure trip. While there he met Miss Lena Leek, of Bloomington, Ill., and after three days' courtship he proposed marriage. They were wedded in Chicago, and Pontius returned home with his bride. The information of the wedding was sent all along the division by another operator, and the blushing bridegroom was kept busy answering the congraulations sent to him over the wire.

At their monthly meeting, the commissioners of Springfield Township, which adjoins Philadelpha, decided to fix the tax rate at 5½ mills for the ensuing year, a decrease of ½ mill from last year's rate. The tax duplicate shows a total valuation of nearly $3,000,000 worth of property, taxable for township purposes.

Deputy Attorney General Fleitz has given Superintendent of Public Instruction Schaeffer a construction of the law of 1903, designating the number of school directors to be elected in boroughs not divided into wards, and fixing the lengths of their terms. The act provides that at the first election after its passage the boroughs in question shall elect two directors for one year, two for two years and two for three years, and annually afterwards for three years. Mr. Fleitz says that the act is ambiguous and some boroughs not entitled to elect six school directors elected under it and now have more than their legal quota, three having held over from previous elections. Mr. Fleitz says: "I instruct you, that no borough entitled to elect six directors, and enjoying that privilege at the time of the passage of this act, comes within its provisons, and any election held in any such borough in accordance with the terms of this statute is invalid, and of the six directors so elected only the two whose terms were designated as for three years are entitled to sit on the board or to take a part in its proceedings." As the schools boards of the State will organize next week, this opinion comes at an opportune time to prevent any confusion.

The Home for the Aged, conducted by the Little Sisters of the Poor, of the Catholic Church, at Rebecca and Penn avenues, Pittsburg, was robbed of $3000 by a man who gained access to the establishment by representing that a contract for plumbing had been sublet to him. The sisters are building an addition and the sum stolen was collected for this object. It was in a tin box in the Mother Superior's cabinet. When the stranger came and told his story, he was allowed to loiter about, apparently for the purpose inspecting the premises. At noon, when the sisters were called to prayer, the stranger climbed the fire escape to the third floor and then came down to the second, where the Mother Superior has her room. He jimmied open the door of the room, broke into the cabinet and got away with the contents of the tin box.

A robber entered the Reading Railway station at Souderton at 1 o'clock the other afternoon, stole $35 and shot the telegraph operator in charge. The operator, though suffering from his wound, pluckily seized the operating key and telegraphed for assistance with the result that the thief was captured and was arraigned before Magistrate Loux, of Souderton, who committed him to jail. The prisoner gave his name as Raymond T. Stone, of North Wales.

By the premature discharge of a cannon at Marietta both of George Sargen's hands were blown off and his face was terribly burned, and John Kugle lost the thumb of his left hand. Both men are veterans of the Civil War and members of Lieutenant William H. Child Post, of Marietta. Kugle was an artilleryman during the war and had charge of the cannon. He held his thumb over the touch hole, and Sargen was ramming the charge home when the cannon was discharged. Amputation at the forearms, it is hoped, may save Sargen's life if he is able to withstand the shock. He is 63 years of age and has a wife and family. The accident occurred in the Marietta Cemetery while the Memorial Day exercises were in progress.

Six cadet cavalrymen, selected from the regular squad at the Pennsylvania Military College, contested for the Bergfels medal. The medal was awarded to Robert K. Mosser, of Noxen, Pa. John L. Wetherill, of Chester, and James Henry, Jr., of Philadelphia, received honorable mention. The judges were Major George A. Dodd, Third Cavalry, U. S. A.; Major John T. Knight and Captain James E. Normeyle, Quartermaster's Department, U. S. A.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

R. G. Dun Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

Retail trade is stimulated by seasonable weather and the industrial outlook is brighter on the whole, although several adverse factors have appeared. Manufacturing lines report a slight improvement at woolen mills and shoe factories, and, while there is more idle cotton mmachinery, it is worthy of note that the last Fall River statement showed very little reduction in dividends.

Railway earnings thus far reported for May fall 3.7 per cent. short of the same time last year.

It is increasingly difficult to find encouraging indications pertaining to the iron and steel industry. Purchases are small and frequently effected at further concessions, although it is difficult to find definitely lower quotations, except from pig iron, which now averages from $5 to $7 a ton cheaper than at the corresponding date last year.

Textile markets have improved to some extent during the past week, weather conditions being notably favorable for retail trade, while the orders for woolens and worsteds increase more than the most sanguine manufacturers anticipated.

Failures this week number 226 in the United States against 206 last year, and 7 in Canada, compared with 7 a year ago.

Bradstreet's says:

Wheat, including flour, exports for the week ending May 26, aggregate 1,132,157 bushels against 1,225,763 last week, 4,677,678 this week last year 3,900,645 in 1902 and 4,138,070 in 1901 Corn exports for the week aggregate 233,695 bushels against 118,337 last week 1,179,739 a year ago, 71,478 in 1902 and 2,037,348 in 1901.

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Baltimore, — FLOUR — Quiet and unchanged; receipts, 4,427 barrels; exports, 592 barrels.

WHEAT—Weak; spot, contract 1.02; spot, No. 2 red, Western, 1.02½ May, 1.02; July, 88½ asked; steamer No. 2 red, 92; receipts, 1,260 bushels Southern by sample, 92@1.02; Southern on grade, 92@1.02.

CORN—Easier; spot and May, 52 July, 53; steamer mixed, 40½; receipts 1,671 bushels; Southern white corn 51@58; Southern yellow corn, 51@58½.

OATS—Firm; No. 2 white, 48½ No. 2 mixed, 45 sales; receipts, 12,327 bushels.

RYE—Very dull; No. 2, uptown, 77@78. No. 2 Western, 79 asked; receipts, 900 bushels.

HAY—Steady at decline; unchanged.

BUTTER—Weak and unchanged; fancy imitation, 17@18; fancy creamery, 19@20; fancy ladle, 14@15; store packed, 11@12.

EGGS—Steady and unchanged, 17

CHEESE—Firm and unchanged: large, 8½@8¾; medium, 8¾@9; small, 8⅞@9⅛.

New York,—BUTTER—Firm: receipts, 5,689; creamery, common to extra, 18@18¼; State dairy, to common to extra, 13@17½.

CHEESE—Steady; receipts, 1,532; State full cream small colored, choice 8; do. fair to good, 7¼@7¾; small white, choice, 7¾; do. fair to good, 6¼@7½; large white and colored, choice, 7½; do. fair to good, 6¼@7.

EGGS—Irregular; receipts, 14,229; State, Pennsylvania, and near by fancy selected, white, 20@21; firsts, 17@17½; storage selections, 17@18, seconds, 15½@16¼; Southern, 12@14.

POULTRY — Alive, firm; spring chickens, 20@23; fowls, 14; turkeys, 12; dressed, steady; Western fowls, 13; turkeys, 14@15.

FLOUR—Receipts, 9,483 barrels; exports, 23,184 barrels; dull at unchanged prices.

LARD.—Firm; Western steamed, 6.85; refined firm; continent, 6.90; South American, 7.35; compound, 5¾@5⅞.

POTATOES—Steady; new Southern, 4.00@5.55; State and Western sacks, 2.50@2.70; Jersey sweets, 3.00@5.00.

PEANUTS — Firm; fancy handpicked, 5⅞@6; other omestics, 3¼@6½.

Live Stock.

Chicago.—Good to prime steers, 5.25@5.75; poor to medium, 4.40@5.25; stockers and feeders, 3.25@4.75; cows and heifers, 1.75@5.00; canners, 1.75@2.90; bulls, 2.50@4.25; calves, 2.50@5.75; Texas fed steers, 4.50@510.

HOGS—Mixed and buchers, 4.55@4.75; good to choice heavy, 4.70@4.80; rough heavy, 4.50@4.65; light, 4.50@4.65; bulk of sales, 4.60@4.70.

SHEEP—Good to choice wethers 5.25@5.60; fair to choice mixed, 4.00@5.00; native lambs, 5.00@6.50; spring lambs, 5.50@7.50.

New York—STEERS, 4.75@5.60 stags, 5.00; bulls, 3.50@4.60; cows, 2.00@4.05. Cables quote live cattle slow at 11½@12½c. per pound; few tops 12¾c. dressed weight; sheep dull at 12@14c.; dressed weight; refrigerator beef steady at 9@9½c. per pound.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep weak; winter lambs and spring lambs, 25c. lower. Sheep, 3.50@5.00; no choice here; winter lambs, 5.50@6.75; spring lambs, 6.50@8.25; one deck choice, 8.50.

HOGS—Receipts, 2,183; State hogs, 5.15; light Ohio do., 5.00 mixed Western, 4.65.

WORLD OF LABOR.

Butte (Mont.) granite cutters receive a minimum wage of $6 a day.

Lynn (Mass.) Bakers' Union has rejected the arbitration offer of the master bakers.

Winsor(Canada) plumbers are on strike, a demand for 35 cents an hour having been refused.

A dispute at the Denaby-Main collieries, in Wales, has resulted in a lockout of nearly 1,000 men.

In the matter of salaries paid to highschool teachers Kansas City, Kan., stands at the bottom of a list of 58 cities.

The Longshoremen at Manistee, Mich., have returned to work at 50 cents an hour, and the strike on the lumber docks is ended.

The annual convention of the International Brotherhood of Bookbinders will be held in St. Paul, Minn., the second week in June.

Formation of unions among women will be encouraged in Iowa. During the past year these organizations increased more than 100 per cent.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

What is of chief significance in the result of the recent municipal elections in France is the decisive defeat of the Nationalists, who have controlled the governments of several large cities, including Paris. It goes to show that the French people are tired at last of Chauvinism and its eternal incitements to international conflicts What the French need is peace with their neighbors; and they will no longer tolerate a party that seeks to disturb the friendly relations which they have established on all sides

Professor Lounsbury takes up another question of English in Harper's Magazine, treating it in the same scholarly and entertaining manner as in his paper on the split infinitive. Now, in "The tSory of an Idiom," he carefully outlines the beginning and growth of the use of would better for had better, a practice of recent inception, but which bids fair to increase if not checked by a knowledge of the real facts in the case. Would better says Professor Lounsbury, "is as ungrammatical as it is unidiomatic"—a statement which will challenge the attention of a number of people who have been conscientiously if thoughtlessly training themselves to the use of would better.

A Japanese house is the simplest thing in the world. It consists of a post at each corner and a roof. One may say it is all on one floor. And in the daytime it is all one room, if it is a small house. The number of rooms in it depends on the number of bedrooms the owner requires. They are divided by night by papers shutters fixed in grooves like the divisions of an old fashioned workbox. There are no doors or passages. Your bedroom acts as a passage, and when you want a door you slide back the nearest panel.

Stanley, the explorer, had little confidence in the material value of tropical Africa until after he met Livingstone. But it was not long before he became imbued with the sublime faith of this great man that there was good in Africa and in its peoples which every popular influence of civilization should help to develop. This faith strengthened in him to his last days. He never tired of African topics. He welcomed at his London or his country home all who knew the work that was being done and had confidence in its value. He lived to see predictions realized that had been counted as idle dreams. He was laughed at when he said that a few years more would see Central Africa joined to the ocean by a railroad; but today trains are running regularly between the Indian Ocean and Victoria Nyanza.

Mrs. Gertrude Atherton's remarks on American literature in the North American Review call forth some pointed comment in Harper's Weekly Mrs. Atherton, it will be remembered complained of the bad effect of the magazines in demanding from authors "anæmic literature with vigor, audacity and all American characteristics bleached out of it"; and she derided the magazine authors as "good family men, who eat well, rarely drink, and are too dull to be bored by their own wives." The Harper's Weekly writer rejoins that, on the contrary, "great authors are almost incorrigibly addicted to the comforts of life, and get them if they can," and he cites Mark Twain, Stevenson, Kipling, Dickens, Thackeray, and Bret Harte as examples. There is nothing, he says, the matter with current American literature. "The publishers print the best books they can get; the magazines print the best stories they can get; the public reads the best books and magazines it can find. There is no conspiracy to put down talent, and some notable minds that ought to be making literature are otherwise employed We fear that there is no better reason for it than the sordid on that the other jobs pay better."

The Outlook says: The Department of Agriculture reports most interesting experiments made by Professor Poffa, of the University of California upon men engaged in hard manual labor most of the time and students working to support themselves while pursuing their studies. The professor declares: "Nuts are the cheapest source of energy, peanuts ranging far ahead." The price, 3.6 cents per 1,000 calories of energy, is at less cost than any animal food, or potatoes at 90 cents a bushel. Peanuts deserve special mention because they are the cheapest domestic nut containing the highest percentage of proteine, with maximum fuel value and minimum refuse. Ten cents, for instance, will purchase more proteine and energy when spent for flour or meal, but these are raw materials, requiring considerable preparation before they are eaten. This is not necessary with fruits and nuts. Ten cents' worth of peanuts will contain about four ounces of proteine and 2,767 calories of energy. Although peanuts supply proteine and energy for a smaller sum than bread, they are outranked by dried beans, which, at five cents a pound, will supply for 10 cents over 200 grams of proteine and 3,040 calories of energy. If more peanuts and dried beans were used by the fruitarians the diet would be enriched and the cost decreased. Fifteen cents a day was the average cost, with fruit, nuts, beans and a limited quantity of cottage cheese and eggs.

BEAUTY BENEATH THE WAVES

Diver Tells of Remarkable Coral Formation.

"You may talk about the beauties of the Yosemite, Niagara Falls, the Alps, or any place on the top of the earth," said a well-known gunner in the United States navy, "but they are not to be compared with the beauties of old ocean, particularly such as can be seen from a diver's helmet."

"You're right there," said another gunner. "The lubbers do not know what they have missed. I remember once when I was a gunner's mate sitting for more than an hour on the fluke of an anchor I had been sent down to recover and gazing with awe on a beautiful coral bank. It was really the most beautiful thing I ever saw. Every color of the rainbow was there and aside from that there was enough variety in the strangeness of the formation in the coral to keep one busy several hours, cogitating on the wonderful things nature had seen fit to hide beneath the waves. I would probably have remained for several hours, gazing with rapture on the bank, and was really thinking that down there in the depths, away from the noise and strife of mother earth would suit me for the rest of my days when a 'soup-and-bully' tin thrown over the side of the ship dropped between me and the coral bank. My dream was over. It was a case of quick transition from the sublime to the ridiculous and I immediately gave the signal to be hauled up."

Poor but Honest.

"Sir, I am an honest man," said the bank clerk. "I am poor, I know, but I have a good name, and that alone is an inheritance of which my children may well be proud. I am not an old man, I know, but I am too old to live down any reflections upon my good name."

"But," said the president of the bank, "there is money in it for you Think of that."

"I have thought of that," replied the clerk. "But what is a little money compared to a good name?"

"But you know it is——"

"No more," interrupted the clerk "Once and for all let me tell you that I will not accept the position of cashier of your bank."

First Money He Earned.

Bishop Daniel A. Goodsell of Chattanooga, Tenn., who presided at the New England Methodist Episcopal conference, in Springfield, Mass., was talking of the small salaries which ministers received and how often they were financially embarrassed. "I remember when I was a very small boy that my father moved to Norwalk, Conn., and I first began to enjoy the pleasures of life in the country. I secured the job from a neighboring farmer of driving the cows home from pasture every night, and at the end of the week I received a quarter for this service.

A dispute at the Denaby-Main collieries, in Wales, has resulted in a lockout of nearly 1,000 men.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

Strawberries come and strawberries go, but prunes go on forever.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package FREE by mail. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

When a woman stops crying over her troubles it's a sign that she has resumed the celebration of her birthday anniversary

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle

If it weren't for their mistakes a great many men would never be heard of.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

People may not think you a fool, yet they may not be in a position to deny it.

Cost of Hauling Freight.

The cost of hauling a ton of freight a mile on Great Britain's greatest railway is 1.45 cents; on the Pennsylvania, forty cents, and on the New York Central, forty-one cents.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

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Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Teacher Interested.

"Miss Biggs is interested in you, pa." "How so?" "Why, to-day, after she had told me seven times to sit down and behave myself, she said she wondered what sort of a father I had."

The Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor is now stronger in the anthracite than in the bituminous coal fields, and has affiliated with it about 200,000 men.

Detroit (Mich.) tilesetters and helpers, who were out on strike recently, have returned to work. The helpers wanted 50 cents more a day, which they received.

Winsor(Canada) plumbers are on strike, a demand for 35 cents an hour having been refused.

DR. WOOLLEY'S
OPIUM & WHISKY ANTIDOTE

Will cure permanently at your own home.

Mr. T. M. Brown, of DeQueen, Ark., says: "Over seven years ago I was cured of the opium habit by your medicine, and have continued in the very best of health since."

Mr. W. M. Tunstall, of Lovingston, Va., says: "I am glad to say that I firmly believe that I am entirely and permanently cured of the Drink Habit, as I have never even so much as wanted a drink in any form since I took your eradicator, now 18 months ago. It was the best money I ever invested."

Mrs. Virginia Townsend, of Shreveport, La., writes: "No more opium. I have taken no other remedy than yours, and I make no mistake when I say that my health is better now than it ever was in my life, and I owe it to you and your remedy. It has been twelve years since I was cured by your treatment."

Dr. Woolley has thousands of such testimonials, with permission to use them. A treatment with so many recommendations from Physicians and cured patients must be good.

Dr. Woolley's Antidote has imitators, (as all good articles have)—perhaps you have tried some of them, but there is nothing like Woolley's. It has stood the test of thirty years. No man or woman who uses opium or whiskey in any form, or who has friends so afflicted, should hesitate to write to

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for his book on these diseases, which he will send free and confidential.

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THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, JUNE 9, 1904.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, 10.30 a. m., Children's service.

Lutheran—Georges Valley, morning; Union afternoon; Centre Hall, evening, Children's service.

Reformed—Tusseyville, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon.

United Evangelicals—Tusseyville, Saturday evening and Sunday morning; Egg Hill, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening. Communion at all points, services by Rev. I. N. Bair.

[Appointments not given here have not been reported to this office.]

SALE REGISTER.

Saturday, June 11, at the residence of Thos. G. Wilson, Centre Hall, the personal property of Jacob Ripka, deceased will be sold by the administrator, Daniel Ripka, of Spring Mills.

Test Wells in Mifflin County.

Test wells for oil will be sunk in the vicinity of Atkins Mills, in the southern part of Mifflin county.

Do You Want Phosphate?

Messrs. Foreman & Smith have on hand several grades of fertilizers, fresh from Baltimore, suitable for spring crops. Prices right, and quality guaranteed to be as represented.

Tent Caterpillars Missing.

The tent caterpillars, that in many localities are stripping trees of their beautiful foliage, are missing in this locality. Both last season and this the pest seems to have avoided Centre Hall and vicinity.

Shaeffer-Hazel Family Reunion.

On account of the Shaeffer-Hazel Family Reunion at Hecla Park, Wednesday, June 15th, the Central R. R. of Pa. will run special trains to the Park leaving Bellefonte at 8:30 A. M The usual low picnic rates will apply from all stations, and tickets will be good going and returning on all regular trains.

Located at Williamsport.

Williamsport Grit has the following of interest to Reporter readers: On June 1, S. Paul Dinges purchased the fire insurance business of A. M. Carpenter and removed his office to the second floor of the Lycoming opera house building, where he will combine fire, life, accident and health insurance. Mr. Dinges will represent the Pacific Mutual Life and Accident Insurance company. None but reliable companies will be represented by this agency. Mr. Dinges will also handle real estate, collect rents and care for estates.

Borough School Board.

The borough school board held its final meeting Monday night. The auditors report shows that all debts and bills have been paid, and that a cash balance of $105.31 remains in the hands of the treasurer, and that there is outstanding tuition in the sum of $30.78, making a total credit of $136.09.

The board reorganized by reelecting D. A. Boozer, president; S. W. Smith, secretary, and H. G. Strohmeier, treasurer. The only new member on the board is G. W. Bushman, who succeeds B. D. Brisbin The other members are Messrs. John S. and John G. Dauberman.

The only other business transacted was the fixing of the tax rate, which is for school purposes, six mills, and building purposes, one-half mill.

The board adjourned to meet this (Thursday) evening for the purpose of electing teachers.

Ministerial Meeting.

The Penns Valley Ministerial Association met with Rev. A. A. Black, of Boalsburg, on Monday, June 6th. It was a fine day and there was a full attendance. The Reformed parsonage has been beautifully renovated recently. Fresh paint, new paper and especially a broad, stately porch make this one of the most inviting residences in the village, and a most comfortable home for Rev. and Mrs. Black, who by their long and faithful service deserve it all. The subject, Church Discipline, was thoroughly discussed, and there was much comparison of views on subjects that have a common interest for all the members. Rev. W. R. Harnish gave an excellent sermon outline. The Association adjourned to meet the second Monday in July with Rev. J. M. Rearick, of Centre Hall.

Burglar Capured at Julian.

A burglar was captured at Julian Thursday of last week while in the act of robbing the store of J. Howard Turner. Mr. Turner had closed his store about nine o'clock and went to his home. About two hours afterward a light was noticed in the store room, and the proprietor was informed of the fact. Mr. Turner and two other gentlemen went to the store and found the burglar walking in the building, carrying a lamp. The barrel of a shot gun in the hands of Mr. Turner was thrust through the window the burglar had removed, and the contents fired at him. The light was extinguished immediately, but not a sound was heard, so the trio kept watch until day light, when the burglar was found lying on his face pretending to be unconscious. Two revolvers were taken from his pockets, and then he was set on his feet, a slight wound in the face dressed, and handed over to the constable.

Before 'Squire Keichline he gave his name as George Henderson, of Colorado. He was committed to jail.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The Democratic convention in session on Tuesday placed in nomination a ticket which undoubtedly will be elected. Not for years was a ticket named which was as faultless as that placed before the voters by the convention of this week.

THE TICKET

President Judge—
Ellis L. Orvis.

Assembly—
J. W. Kepler,
John Noll.

Prothonotary—
Arthur B. Kimport.

District Attorney—
Wm. Groh Runkle.

County Surveyor—
J. H. Wetzel.

THE ORGANIZATION

The convention was called to order by County Chairman H. S. Taylor, and after the call was read Colonel J. L. Spangler was nominated and elected chairman.

The secretaries appointed were Messrs. George R. Meek and Charles R. Kurtz; reading clerk, ex-Prothonotary W. F. Smith.

The reading clerk then called the roll, to which the following gentlemen, representative Democrats of the several districts in Centre county, responded:

DELEGATES.

Bellefonte	Harris
J. L. Spangler	W. A. Murray
J. C. Meyer	Jas. Swabb
Hamond Sechler	Howard
P. H. Gherrity	John Glen
J. M. Keichline	Huston
D.P. Fortney	D. J. Gingery
W. T. Kelley	Liberty
S. A. McQuistian	C. W. Cook
Centre Hall	Marion
D. J. Meyer	J. W. Orr
W. F. Bradford	
Howard	Miles
A. Weber	H. F. McMansway
Milesburg	L. B. Frank
Geo. Stroop	W. H. Hackman
Millheim	J. B. Kreamer
J. C. Hosterman	Andrew Ocker
F. O. Hosterman	Patton
J. W. Reifsnyder	T. M. Huey
Philipsburg	Penn
F. K. White	W. F. Smith
Ira Howe	A. B. Meyer
John Homer	J. F. Rishel
Sol Schmidt	Adam Bartges
Wm. Hess	Potter
H. D. Rumberger	G. H. Emerick
Chas. Wilcox	N. B. Shaffer
State College	G. L. Goodhart
J. C. Sowers	F. A. Carson
D. T. Pierce	Adam Krumrine
Unionville	W. H. Lee
G. W. Rumbarger	Rush
Benner	Sim Batchelor
John F. Grove	J. B. Long
H. K. Hoy	G. W. Davis
	James Lorigan
Boggs	Snow Shoe
Ira P. Confer	M. D. Kelley
Henry Shultz	H. E. Leathers
J. F. Potter	Wm. Kerin, 1-2
Burnside	James Kulver, 1-2
James Sankey	Spring
Geo. W. Williams	A. C. Grove
Grin Grove	D. W. McCloskey
Ferguson	W. W. Kerstetter
W. H. Fry	Chas. Cruse
Wm. Collins	Amos Garbrick
A. G. Archey	Taylor
J. H. Miller	J. T. Merriman
Gregg	Union
C. A. Weaver	J. O. Peterson
J. C. Rossman	Walker
J. C. Condo	Jos. A. Emerick
John McCool	J. D. Miller
H. S. Braucht	Jacob F. Weaver
B. W. Ripka	B. A. Noll
J. A. Grenoble	J. A. Hoy
Haines	Worth
R. E. Stover	A. W. Reese
F. W. Keister	

George L. Goodhart, of Potter, moved that nominations be made in the following order: President Judge, assemblymen, prothonotary, district attorney, county surveyor, congressional conferees. The same was adopted.

The chair appointed the committee on resolutions, which committee was composed of Dr. F. K. White, A. Weber, S. A. McQuistian, W. H. Fry, L. B. Frank, John B. Long, M. B. Kelley.

J. C. Meyer, Esq., addressed the chair, and in a fitting way presented the name of Ellis L. Orvis for President Judge.

Mr. Meyer opened his remarks by saying that the most important campaign since 1894 was about to open; the people everywhere were looking forward to a time when there would again be a government of the people.

He severely denounced the trusts, and believes that the party that brought them into existence and nursed them, will be brought to the bar of judgment.

With the end in view of finally divorcing politics from the county court, he placed in nomination Ellis L. Orvis, for the President Judgeship. Mr. Orvis, the speaker added, was a man of spotless character; like Caesar's wife, without reproach. He was schooled at the feet of the greatest judge Centre county has to her credit, and is peculiarly fitted for the position.

The nomination was seconded by John M. Keichline.

Mr. Keichline placed in nomination John Noll for assembly. In his preliminary remarks he said Mr. Noll had enlisted in the civil war at the age of sixteen, was a good soldier and received an honorable discharge; he was a faithful worker in the party and deserving of recognition by the party.

Jacob Swires, of Philipsburg, was placed in nomination by Sol. Schmidt, of that borough. It was said of Mr. Swires that he began life in an humble way, and that it was through industry and shrewdness that he had become one of the foremost citizens in wealth and influence in his home town.

Dr. F. K. White placed in nomination J. W. Kepler by simply prefixing "farmer" to his name.

THE BALLOT.

The roll was called by Clerk Smith and when the result was announced, it was thus:

Kepler	80
Noll	55
Swires	39

The chair declared Mr. Kepler nominated, and ordered a second ballot which was as follows:

Noll	48½
Swires	38½

Mr. Noll was then declared nominated.

Hon. W. A. Murray, in proper form and style, presented the name of Arthur B. Kimport for the office of prothonotary. Mr. Kimport was a candidate without opposition, and his nomination was therefore immediately made by acclamation.

It remained for J. Paul Fortney to place in nomination William Groh Runkle, Esq., for the office of district attorney. Mr. Runkle, like Mr. Kimport, was alone in the field and was similarly nominated.

For county surveyor the names of J. H. Wetzel and S. K. Emerick were presented, and a ballot decided that the former should be the candidate.

By resolution presented by Dr. White, Messrs. N. B. Spangler, Edward Jones and W. G. Morrison were named as congressional conferees with instructions for George Dimeling, Esq., of Clearfield county.

Captain H. S. Taylor was reelected county chairman by acclamation.

Colonel Woodward was called upon to make a short address which he did. The colonel was followed by a few remarks by the chairman, Colonel Spangler, who made reference to the fact that there were delegates present who had been attending Democratic conventions since 1860, and that the fact that these old Democratic war horses turned in at this time with renewed energy indicated Democratic success.

THE DECLARATIONS.

An outline of some of the sections of the declarations and others in full follow:

First. We affirm our adherence to, and faith in, the principles of our party as taught by its founders; and we congratulate the Democracy of Centre county, as well as of the state and nation, that upon those cardinal principles of Democratic faith and their application to the vital, pressing questions of the day, we all stand united.

Fifth. We demand that our courts be, in name as well as in fact, "Temples of Justice," where law and equity shall be so administered as to command the universal respect and confidence of the people, and to this end we earnestly protest against the prostitution of the Judicial office by participation in factional politics, resulting in such distribution of court favors and patronage as to reward partisan adherents and to coerce and punish political opponents. The sacred office of an upright Judge and the dubious occupation of a practical politican are incompatible, and their conjunction is a menace to the "inalienable rights of life, liberty and property." Our people, ever jealous in maintaining the purity and dignity of the judiciary, have invariably disregarded partisan feelings to rebuke a partisan judge—we call attention to the result in neighboring districts where the people, irrespective of party differences, united for the purpose of banishing politics from the courts. Therefore, the Democracy of Centre county call upon all good citizens, of all creeds and parties, to unite in electing to the President Judgeship of this the 49th Judicial District, a man whose antecedents, personal character, learning, dignity of deportment, freedom from prejudice, and judicial balance, preeminently fit him for that high office. And upon this we present for the exalted office of President Judge the Hon. Ellis L. Orvis.

We believe that a majority of the unlawful trusts now in existence are the direct and natural result of the excessive republican tariff duties, which destroy competition, and inevitably breed combinations for monopoly. To remedy this evil should be one of the first purposes of tariff revision. To such revision our party stands pledged.

Philipsburg strongly pressed the candidacy of Mr. Swires, but when defeated, instead of sulking, they expressed entire gratification. This proves the character of Mr. Swires and his supporters, who are not flesh-pot politicians, but have the interest of the party at heart.

It is scarcely necessary to speak, individually, of the candidates nominated, for each one is known personally to the majority of the voters of Centre county. In this issue the Reporter will refer to but one candidate, that at the head of the county ticket, and in doing so will simply reprint several paragraphs from the "Commemorative Record" which was not written for political purposes:

Ellis L. Orvis, son of the late Judge John H. Orvis, was born at Lock Haven, November 16, 1857. In 1863 he came with the family to Bellefonte, where he has since resided.

Mr. Orvis prepared for college at the Bellefonte Academy, and in the fall of 1872 entered the freshman class of Pennsylvania State College, in which institution he took the classical course, in 1875 carried off the Kaine prize for the best English oration, and was graduated in 1876. He subsequently took a post-graduate course for one year in chemistry and modern languages. For a number of years after graduation he engaged in surveying, becoming quite an efficient surveyor,

Continued at foot of next column.

BID FOR LAWYERS HELP.

Combination of Outside Candidates Threatens to Break Machine Slate.

Following is a sample of Bellefonte dispatches to the city dailies, the article having appeared in Monday's North American:

The slate prepared by the Centre county Republican machine for next Saturday's primaries is in danger of being shattered by the friends of those aspirants for office whose names have been left off.

The slated candidates are John G. Love, of Bellefonte, to succeed himself as President Judge; John Kniseley, of Bellefonte, and Philip E. Womelsdorf, of Philipsburg, for State Representatives, and George Lamb, of Philipsburg, for Prothonotary.

No nomination will be made by the Republicans for District Attorney, because the managers believe that by leaving this place on their ticket vacant it will help Judge Love with the lawyers, and the friends of the Democratic nominee for that office.

Albert Dale, of Bellefonte, who was promised that he should be one of the nominees for Representative after his brother, Clement, recently withdrew as a candidate for county chairman against Colonel Wilbur F. Reeder, is making an active canvass for the nomination.

The Dales are the largest Republican family in Centre county, and because they have never been known to scratch their ticket the machine managers say they have no fear of Albert's candidacy. They predict that he will be beaten even worse than was his brother two years ago, when he was a candidate for Congress.

John A. Daley, the "Curtin township lawyer," who has a large following among the soldiers throughout the county, and has for years been an active Republican, is also making a personal canvass for Representative. There is a strong probability of Dale and Daley combining their forces.

But the most formidable opposition to the machine's slate comes from Newton Bailey, of Bellefonte, who is seeking the nomination for Prothonotary. Bailey has already been nominated by the Prohibition party, and he is confident if the Republicans will put him on their ticket he can be elected.

The machine men realize that if Bailey is beaten he will take enough votes from Lamb to elect the Democratic candidate. But they are pledged to Lamb, and declare they will stand by him, win or lose.

Pine Stump.

Samuel Burris and Miss May Walker spent Decoration Day at Boalsburg.

Foster Jodon and family visited at the home of William Brooks, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Burris are visiting their daughter Mrs. C. J. Shaffer, of Lewistown, also Mrs. P. A. Leister, of Maitland.

Messrs. John Heckman and John Williams are having their barns roofed.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Houser visited the former's brother, Wm. Houser, on Nittany Mountain.

Prof. H. C. Rothrock is here again overseeing the farm work.

Adam Zeigler, of Linden Hall, visited his mother, Mrs. Henry Zeigler, on Sunday.

[Continued from Previous Column.]

and while so engaged he studied law. In the fall of 1880 he was admitted to the Bar of Centre county, but he still continued surveying until the winter of 1883-84, when he purchased an interest in the Centre Democrat, and became associated with the late S. T. Shugert as junior editor of that paper. Soon after his connection with that journal his health failed, and he was compelled to abandon the newspaper business.

On January 1, 1885, Mr. Orvis became the junior member of the law firm of Orvis, Bower & Orvis, since when he has been actively engaged in the practice of law, giving his entire time to his profession. After the death of Judge Orvis, which occurred in November, 1893, the business of the firm was continued by Mr. E. L. Orvis and Mr. Bower.

Mr. Orvis is a man of excellent character, of fine attainments, and, although young in years, is one of the leading lawyers of Pennsylvania. He is strong in the trial of cases before the jury, and, in the presentation of questions of law to the court, has no equal among the members of the Bar of his county. In the trial of a case, and in presenting questions of law to the court, he is extremely courteous, but forceful and convincing.

Politically he is a Democrat, but has never been an office-seeker. In 1883 he was unanimously tendered the nomination of his party for the office of County Surveyor, and was elected by the handsome majority of over nine hundred.

Again, in 1891, he was honored by a nomination and election by a decisive majority in this Senatorial District as a delegate to the proposed Constitutional Convention. In both instances these nominations came to him unsolicited.

Mr. Orvis is of a literary turn, and has an extreme fondness for books. His residence, situated on East Linn street, is filled with a well-selected and magnificent library. Much of his time is spent among his books, and he is recognized as one of the best informed and most cultured men of Bellefonte.

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